THE WEATHER
Forecast for Portsmouth and Vicinity—Monday fair and warmer; Tuesday unsettled, probably showers in afternoon or night.

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

SUN AND TIDE
Sun Rises.....4.10
Sun Sets.....7.25
High tide, 7.56 am, 8.18 pm
Moon Rises.....12.49 am
Length of Day.....15.15

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 535. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., MONDAY, JUNE 30, 1913. Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHURCH WEDDING FOR POPULAR YOUNG COUPLE

Walter Emery Takes Mary Mercer for His Bride on Saturday Evening.

Christ Episcopal church was the scene of an impressive and beautiful June wedding at six o'clock on Saturday evening when Mary E. Mercer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Mercer, became the bride of Mr. Walter C. Emery, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Emery, both of this city.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. V. Brine in the presence of many relatives and friends. The bride was attended by Miss Ellen Maddock as bridesmaid, and Mr. William E. Mercer, brother of the groom acted as best man. The bride was given in marriage by her father.

At the appointed time the bridal party moved into the church to the inspiring strains of the wedding march, played by Mr. McIntire, the church organist. The bride's dress was white silk batiste, trimmed with lace. She carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid wore white mull and carried a basket of pink peonies. The single ring service was used.

After the ceremony a reception and supper was held at the home of the bride's parents on Thornton street, attended by the families of the contracting parties.

The rooms were profusely decorated with greenery and flowers, where congratulations and best wishes for a long and happy life together were showered upon the esteemed young people.

The bride wore a traveling suit of blue serge with hat to match. They left on the 7.27 train for Boston from where they will leave on an extensive automobile trip through Massachusetts and upon their return will reside in Lynn, where the groom holds a responsible position.

Both the bride and groom are popular, having made their home in this city and will be missed by a large circle of friends and relatives who wish them a long and prosperous future.

NO HINT OF CONTROVERSY

Friends of Miss Farmer Had Feared that Bahaists Would Make an Effort to Secure Greenacre

In response to a widely circulated appeal, followers and friends of Miss Sarah J. Farmer, the founder of Green Acre, from New York, Boston, Exeter, Dover, and this city assembled in the Pines at Eliot, Sunday afternoon to offer praise and thanksgiving for Miss Farmer's restoration to health and also to register a protest against the followers of Abdul Baha obtaining control of Green Acre.

The meeting was the most largely attended of any opening meeting yet held at Green Acre and although there were a number of followers of Bahaism present, nothing in the nature of a controversy took place.

It was stated previous to the meeting that George E. Hammond who was sometime ago appointed guardian of Miss Farmer's property in Maine, might take steps to prevent the holding of the meeting in the Pines, owing to his friendship for Alfred E. Lunt of Boston, who is said to head the faction that is desirous of converting Green Acre into a place for the worship of Bahaism, but nothing of this kind developed.

At 3 the assemblage was called to order by Frank B. Sanborn of Concord, Mass., who briefly outlined the two fold object of the meeting, to render thanks for Miss Farmer's recovery and also to protest against Green Acre being used for any other purpose than was originally designed by its founder.

Rev. Mr. McAllister of the Congregational church offered prayer and thanks for Miss Farmer's recovery. Dr. Charles Fletscher of Boston spoke at length on one religion for Americans, saying we ought to have one religion suitable for all Americans.

Miss Holelss, chairman of the program committee presented the program for the summer as outlined and suggested by Miss Farmer. The Green Acre conference is to open July 4th, with Dr. Nathaniel Smith as the principal speaker.

The next speaker was Professor Charles Zueblin of Winchester, Mass., who spoke at length of "Dynamic Forces." He maintained that a force of cooperation should be created and infused into the work at Green Acre.

While all of the speakers made reference to the attempt to secure Green Acre for the followers of Bahaism, it was done in such a manner to arouse no controversy with those present at the meeting.

The Green Acre Fellowship was incorporated some eight or nine years ago and is under the direct management of five trustees, consisting of Francis Keefe of Eliot, Alfred E. Lunt of Boston, Horatio Dresser of Cambridge, Miss Maria Wilson of Malden and Dr. Fillemore Moore of Eliot.

Sunday's meeting was arranged by a committee of Miss Framer's friends and while they feel highly elated over the successful outcome of the gathering, they are still apprehensive that at the annual meeting in August an attempt will be made by the followers of Bahaism to secure control. One of the committee said after the meeting that it was the committee's intention to increase its number and use every endeavor possible to have Green Acre conducted on the same lines as originally intended by Miss Farmer.

AVERAGE OF SUNSET LEAGUE PLAYERS TO DATE

Only Twelve Points Separate the Three Leading Clubs.

The official averages of the players of the Sunset League up to June 26, as compiled by the official scorer, Philip H. Sanderson, are as follows:

	g.	ab.	r.	bh.	pc.
C. H. Brackett, YMCA	1	1	0	1	1.000
McKeon, Elks	2	3	0	2	.667
Hughes, Elks	9	23	10	13	.565
Hoffman, Port	8	17	3	9	.529
McKeon, K of C	1	2	1	1	.500
Morgan, K of C	3	6	3	3	.500
Hall, Riversides	4	10	2	5	.500
East, Riversides	5	8	1	4	.500
Marden, YMCA	2	4	0	2	.500
L. ev, YMCA	1	2	0	1	.500
J. Newick, PAC	9	17	6	8	.471
Hunnam, Riverside	6	9	2	4	.444
Morris, YMCA	6	11	2	6	.428
Sanfacon, Elks	8	20	4	8	.400
Wright, YMCA	5	5	1	2	.400
G. Woods, PAC	9	23	2	9	.391
Thomas, YMCA	8	18	2	7	.388
Bannon, Elks	1	3	1	1	.333
Gerth, K of C	2	3	1	1	.333
Lynskey, PAC	3	6	1	2	.332
Brown, Riversides	7	16	1	5	.313
Mates, K of C	7	13	3	4	.308
Sheehan, Elks	9	13	4	4	.308
Delehan, Elks	6	10	0	3	.300
M. Howard, YMCA	8	20	3	6	.300
Swasey, Elks	4	10	2	3	.300
O'Connor, K of C	3	7	1	2	.286
R. Brackett, YMCA	8	14	4	4	.286
Hobbs, PAC	8	14	2	4	.286
Lehan, Port	4	7	0	2	.286
Caffery, Port	8	18	2	5	.279
Leary, YMCA	6	11	1	3	.273
McPheters, PAC	9	22	6	6	.273
Weare, PAC	9	15	4	4	.267
Palmer, YMCA	2	4	1	1	.250
Whitlock, Frt	3	4	1	1	.250
W. Brackett, PAC	9	21	4	5	.238
Heffernan, K of C	7	17	2	4	.235
O'Brien, K of C	7	13	3	3	.231
Grant, Riversides	7	13	2	3	.231
Wick, Port	6	13	1	3	.231
Miller, Elks	5	9	0	2	.222
McClura, K of C	4	9	0	2	.222
Riley, K of C	7	9	2	2	.222
Hanson, Elks	9	19	7	4	.211
Reinick, YMCA	7	15	0	3	.200
Estabrook, YMCA	7	16	1	3	.188
Kabelka, Port	8	16	4	3	.188
Berkwhistle, K of C	6	11	1	2	.182
Crugen, Elks	9	18	5	3	.167
Davis, Elks	8	18	5	3	.167
Kelley, K of C	6	12	2	2	.167
Falk, Port	3	6	1	1	.167
W. Woods, PAC	9	14	2	2	.143
Locke, PAC	8	14	6	2	.143
Meredith, Port	4	7	1	1	.143
Carnack, Port	8	14	2	2	.143
Able, Riversides-Elks	4	8	1	1	.125
Prnett, Riversides	5	8	1	1	.125
Wiscombe, Port	8	16	0	2	.125
Surette, Elks	6	9	2	1	.111
Mattison, PAC	6	10	0	1	.100
Reardon, K of C	6	11	1	1	.091
Paul, Riversides	7	12	0	1	.083
W. Howard, YMCA	7	13	0	1	.077
C. Brackett, YMCA	7	13	0	1	.077
Kincaide, Riversides	7	14	2	1	.071
Caswell, Riversides	7	14	1	1	.071
Fredericks, Port	7	15	1	1	.067
Thompson, Elks	4	7	0	0	.000
Smith, Elks	1	1	0	0	.000
Yorke, Elks	1	1	1	0	.000
Pilgrim, Elks	1	1	0	0	.000
La Bean, K of C	3	6	1	0	.000
Parker, K of C	1	1	0	0	.000
Wallace, K of C	1	1	0	0	.000
F. Newick, PAC	1	2	0	0	.000
Walter Woods, PAC	1	2	0	0	.000
Trueman, PAC	1	2	0	0	.000
Fisher, Riversides	2	3	0	0	.000
Hunter, Riversides	2	1	0	0	.000
Plimpton, Riversides	2	2	0	0	.000
Quimby, Riversides	1	2	0	0	.000
Sheehy, YMCA	3	5	0	0	.000
McBride, YMCA	1	0	0	0	.000
Boyer, Port	3	5	0	0	.000
Lawrence, Port	1	2	0	0	.000
Free, Port	1	2	1	0	.000

Team Averages.

	ab.	r.	bh.	pc.
Elks	173	40	48	.277
Y. M. C. A.	165	45	41	.265
P. A. C.	163	28	43	.265
K. of C.	121	23	27	.223
Port	142	17	30	.211
Riversides	122	13	25	.205

ON PENSION LIST.

Old Railroad Conductor Retires After 51 Years of Service.

Today Samuel O. Lunt, one of the best known railroad men in this section of the country, retires after a long and faithful service with the old Eastern, and the Boston & Maine railroad.

He started railroad life as ration agent for the Eastern railroad at the old Causway street station, Boston, in 1862. Later he took a passenger run on the night pullman between Boston and Portland. Since the Eastern was absorbed by the Boston & Maine he has handled the punch on trains No. 37 and 48 between the same points.

His retirement places him on the pension list for a rest which he has well earned. Mr. Lunt is a resident of Somerville.

MADE TRIP ALONE.

Lady of 86 Enjoys Long Distance Traveling.

It is evident that Mrs. John Buzzell a lady of 86 years enjoys traveling as much in her advanced years as she did in her younger days. Mrs. Buzzell arrived here on Saturday from Fernandina, Florida, a distance of 1200 miles or more, having made the trip alone by the Savannah Line to Boston. A visit to the North is no novelty to the lady as this makes her third visit unaccompanied. She expressed herself as delighted with the voyage and was in excellent spirits on her arrival. On Sunday she attended services at the Advent church and visited the cemetery walking both ways.

and visited the cemetery walkinb

She will pass the summer with her daughter, Mrs. Clifford Lowd, who resides at the corner of Pleasant and Wentworth streets.

HOLLIS HAS NAME READY

Not Adverse to Saying that Revenue Job Will Go Soon.---Gardner is in Washington

Washington, D. C., June 29—Who is to have the office of internal revenue collector in the district of New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont, is still a matter of speculation. Senator Hollis declines to say whom he will recommend, but is not averse to stating that he will put in a name at an early date. Representative Reed is still absent on his trip to the Panama Canal and unless he reaches Washington this week Senator Hollis is not likely to wait his return. Although Mr. Hollis refers to the selection by the delegation it is generally recognized that it will be left to Mr. Hollis to name the man for internal revenue collector; naval officer at Boston, and collector of customs, the representatives contenting themselves with naming the postmaster in their own districts.

Senator Gallinger will in no way interfere with Democratic nominations unless, in his opinion, incompetent or improper men have been selected, in which case he would undoubtedly take steps to hold up their confirmation, but from the present outlook no such course on his part is probable.

Although Mr. Hollis declines to make public his choice there is considerable credence given to the report that Dr. Seth W. Jones has come forward as a new man, and will win out over the earlier candidates.

In the midst of these rumors, former senator Obediah Gardner of Maine reached Washington and his presence here gives rise to the story that he will be given the office of collector of internal revenue pending a vacancy in the office of collector of customs, for which it is understood he is booked. It is well know that Mr. Gardner has a strong friend in the administration, but just what office will be given him is problematic. Senator Hollis expressed the belief that there was no foundation for the report that Mr. Gardner would succeed Mr. Crossman, as in a conversation with Secretary McAdoo today, nothing was said which would indicate such action.

NEW CASTLE PYTHIANS

Listen to Memorial Service by Grand Prelate Henry E. Allen.

The members of Wentworth Lodge, K. of P., of New Castle on Sunday observed Pythian Memorial Sunday. In the afternoon the members marched to Riverside cemetery, held services and decorated the graves of deceased members. In the evening the lodge attended services at the Congregational church and listened to a discourse by Rev. Henry E. Allen of Lawrence, Mass., Grand Prelate of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire.

FOR SWEET CHARITY.

Hospital May Have Carnation Day Instead of Tag Day.

Report has it that the management of the Portsmouth Hospital, may this year depart from the usual custom of appealing for aid by conducting a tag day and that the project of carnation day is under consideration which has been a decided success in other cities. Up to date the management has taken no action as to which it will be, but it is certain that one plan or the other is necessary.

TRACKMEN CALLED.

Several Hundred Go Back on the Boston & Maine.

Today several hundred trackmen of the Boston & Maine were put back to work on the sections of the system. Under the curtail movement about two months ago these men with painters and carpenters were discharged by the maintenance and way department. On the Portland division alone 1200 men are reinstated, but as yet the painters and carpenters have not been called.

SEPARATE PASSES.

For Men and Wives in the Future on Boston & Maine.

Under a new ruling the officials of the Boston & Maine railroad have called in the annual passes of married employes. In the future the company will issue separate transportation cards to the men and wives that have in the past been riding on a combined pass.

TO DEVELOP THE SOUTHERN NAVY YARDS

Naval Officers Favor Their Improvement on Broad Lines.

Prospects are bright for a development of the Southern navy yards on broad lines, if Secretary Daniels and Congress can be brought to accept the conclusions and recommendations of the board of naval officers which has just returned to Washington from a sixteen days visit of inspection to all the yards as far south of Washington as New Orleans. The board is composed of Rear Admiral John H. Edwards, Captain George R. Evans, Naval Constructor W. G. Dulhose and Civil Engineer A. L. Parsons. As a result of their inspection they have collected a mass of material which will be embodied in a report soon to be submitted to Secretary Daniels.

The board was strongly impressed with the splendid facilities of the southern yards in the way of ease of access by rail and by sea, depth of waterfront, abundant space of docks and shops, and in fact everything but the actual plant, in the shape of drydocks and construction work that is needed to make a first class naval establishments.

The conclusion to be drawn from their report, while not yet reduced to form, will be decidedly against any proposition to close up or abandon any of the southern yards, though the transformation of the Port Royal, S. C station into a detention barracks will be approved, as having resulted in the development of one of the finest penological institutions in the world

SOUTH BERWICK 6 U. S. MARINES 4

South Berwick won its sixth straight game by defeating the United States Marine team from Portsmouth Saturday afternoon by the score of 6 to 4. Williams pitched good ball and kept the hits well scattered. A difficult catch by Allen, resulting in a double play, featured. The score:

South Berwick

	bh	po	a	e
Sarrett ss	1	1	2	0
Allen cf	0	1	1	0
Williams p	1	1	0	0
Renaud 2b	0	3	0	0
Whitbend 3b	2	2	5	1
Hooper lf	0	1	0	1
Davis rf	1	1	0	0
Leggett rf	0	0	0	0
Miller c	1	9	2	1
Moore 1b		8	0	1
Totals	6	27	11	4

U. S. Marines

	bh	po	a	e
Mims 1b	1	9	0	2
Daleiden ss	1	0	2	2
McGarry cf	2	2	0	0
Kaplan 3b	0	2	3	1
Smith 2b	0	6	2	0
Tarker c	1	3	4	1
Moll rf, 1b	0	1	0	0
Goodwin rf	1	0	0	0
Wilson lf	2	1	0	0
Bauer p	0	0	2	0
Patten p	1	0	0	1
Totals	9	24	13	7

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
S. Berwick	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	— 6
U. S. Marines	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	— 4

Runs made, by Renaud, Whitbend, Hooper, Davis, Miller, Moore, Kaplan, Smith, Tarker, Wilson. Two base hit, Daleiden. Stolen bases, Hooper 2, Kaplan, Smith, Tarker. Base on balls, by Williams 2, by Patten, by Bauer 2. Struck out, by Williams 8, by Bauer 2. Sacrifice hits, Allen, Moll. Double plays, Allen and Moore; Wilson and Smith; Taplan, Smith and Mims. Hit by pitched ball, by Williams, McGarry. Time, 1h, 45m. Umpires, Greenwood and Carlin.

FOR THE LIVING ROOM

There are many dainty articles which the clever needlewoman can make for her living room which require the minimum amount of time, but add much to the beauty of the home.

For the living room in summer everything should be made of washable materials so that they can be kept fresh and clean during the dusty months. This will not be a difficult problem, for many of the most artistic fabrics serving as a background for embroidery will launder successfully. The heavy linens usually forming the basis for the lovely craftsman table-covers, draperies and cushions, the scrims, casement cloths, and burlaps cannot suffer harm through washing.

Make the table runner, cushions, magazine covers, draperies of any of these material and stamp them with an artistic conventional design. Embroider this with color to harmonize with those used in the room.

The Bulgarian work done with colored wools, or mercerized cotton, is very popular at present and appropriate for the living room.

Choose linen of a loose, coarse weave for the background and for the table runner cut a strip long enough to extend ten or twelve inches over each end not including the hem. If you prefer a table runner the exact dimensions of the table top, cut it accordingly.

Stamp the design at each end and embroider it with tones of blue, yellow or green, with touches of black or dark brown. Fill in the motifs with satin stitch, first padding with white darning cotton. For the cushions cut two rectangular pieces of linen, one for the top and the other for the bottom. Embroider a panel of the Bulgarian work at each end and finish the edge of the pillow with a cord.

The magazine cover should be cut to fit the size of the periodical. Decorate the top with a panel to correspond with that used n the cushion.

If you are extremely energetic, make window draperies of the same material and border them with the Bulgarian border.

ATHLETIC MEET JULY FOURTH.

All those wishing to enter the athletic meet to be held at the play ground on the morning of the Fourth should hand their names to the supervisor of the Playground on or before July 3rd. No entrees will be accepted after that date. This the first athletic meet of the season will be open only to local athletes. The events will be as follows:

Seniors: 100 yard dash, 220 yard dash, running high jump, running broad jump, three standing broad jump, potato race, three legged race, shot put.

Boys: 50 yard dash, 100 yard dash, running high jump, standing broad jump, potato race, three legged race, shot put.

Girls: 20 yard dash, 50 yard dash, running high jump, potato race.

Baseball for the Boys at the Playground.

The managers of all Boys baseball teams are requested to hand their lineups to the Supervisor of Playgrounds if they wish to enter the playground leagues this summer. It is hoped to start the leagues early in July. If the names are handed in at once it will greatly facilitate matters.

Baseball at the Playground July 4th.

An exhibition game of baseball will be played on the playground on the afternoon of July fourth at three o'clock between the Portsmouth Athletic Club and the Young Men's Christian Association teams. A good game is assured.

ELIOT

George E. Nason of Lynn was visiting his mother over Sunday.

Reginald Horn and sister, Flora were visiting friends in town Sunday.

Howard Wilson is expected home next Thursday.

George Kennard of Boston spent Sunday with his father, Joseph Kennard.

Mrs. Cyrus R. Bartlett is able to sit up in bed and is tendily gaining.

George E. Bartlett is suffering from a slight attack of sunstroke.

Lecture on Africa with views was held at the Congregational church Sunday evening.

A farmer at Kennard's Corner enjoyed a mess of green peas from his garden yesterday.

Albert Moulton of Colby College was a visitor in town Sunday.

Another Lady in town went to Portland to day to undergo an operation.

SOUTH ELIOT

The name of George W. Brown was inadvertently omitted in last week's notice of the names of the Board of officers of the Advent Christian church of South Eliot. Mr. Brown has been Elder in this church for many years.

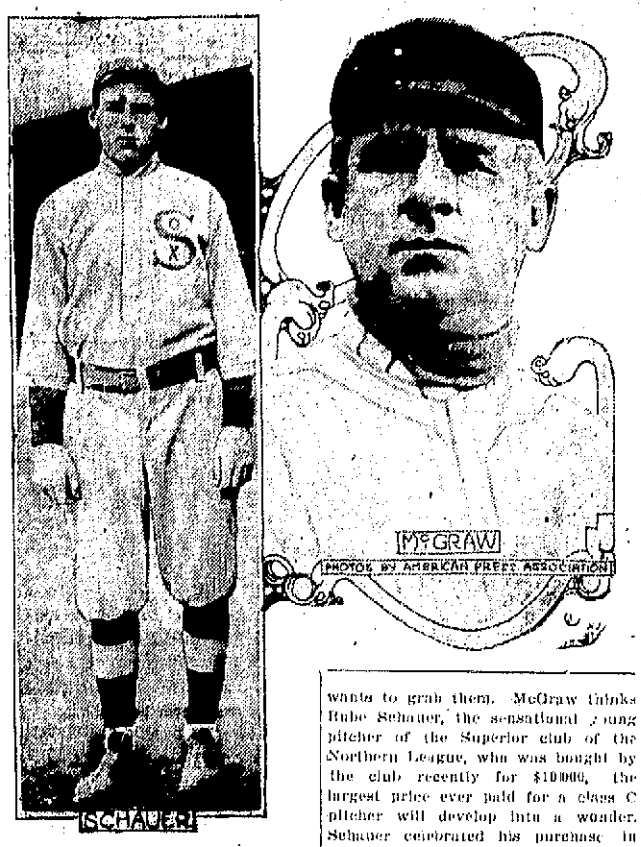
OBSEQUIES

Charles L. Glines

The funeral of Charles L. Glines was held from his late home 26 Coffin's Court today, at 2 p. m., Rev. L. H. Thayer officiating. Interment was in South cemetery in charge of Undertaker O. W. Ham.

Mrs. William Chandler of Langdon street passed Sunday at Hampton Beach as the guest of Mrs. John G. Cutler.

McGraw Willing to Spend $50,000 for Pitchers--His New $10,000 Hurling Phenom



New York, June 30—Johnny McGraw says he has $50,000 to spend for good pitchers. The Giants' peppery little leader declares that there is a scarcity of good slabmen, but if there are any lying around loose he wants to grab them. McGraw thinks Rube Schauer, the sensational young pitcher of the Superior club of the Northern League, who was bought by the club recently for $10,000, the largest price ever paid for a class C pitcher will develop into a wonder. Schauer celebrated his purchase in his home town the other day by winning a game from Rube Wadell, once one of the greatest pitchers in the game ,now pitching for the Virginia, (Minn.) club. Schauer struck out ten men in seven innings, the game being called on account of darkness.

TO SANE CITIZENS.

Is there a sane citizen of New England who now believes that the Grand Trunk extension from Palmer to Providence was abandoned because of a conspiracy? The demagogues and destructionists set up a fierce howl when this proposed extension was forced to be abandoned.

But all sane citizens were perfectly aware that the explanation of the Grand Trunk people that the plans for the extension could not be carried out because the money was not forthcoming either in Europe or America, was absolutely true.

But this truthful explanation did not satisfy the demagogues and destructionists. They howled for indictments, and they got them.

But the facts of the money situation at home and abroad have been slowly but effectively coming to light. Look at the situation in Germany and England, and at the troubles incident to the efforts to finance the war in the Balkan States. See how they are hoarding gold in India. Take a glance at the money conditions in Canada.

Why, there has not been a banker in London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, or in any metropolis of Europe or America, who hasn't for the last year clutched all moneys within his control with the feverish fervor of a miser. No one could censure these bankers for their attitude. They had the money of great institutions in their charge. Quick to foresee the future and its troubles, they shut down on all loans.

The New York Sun has just pointed out that many loans brought out in London for public subscription have fallen far short of being taken up, as is indicated by the following list of late offerings:

Loan.	Amount offered.	Price of issue.	Left with underwriters.
Brazilian 5s	$27,500,000	97	94
New South Yales 4s	15,000,000	98	84
Union So. Africa 4s	75,000,000	100	87
Madras and So. Mahratta 4s	62,500,000	99	90
West Australian 4s	50,000,000	98½	87
Grand Trunk Pac. 4s	60,000,000	87	80
New Zealand 4s	15,000,000	98	80
Mex. Northwestern 4s	8,000,000	98½	98
Madeira Mamora 5½s	8,000,000	97½	87
Bahia, Brazil, 5s	8,000,000	94½	87
City of Montreal 4½s	7,153,000	100	66
City of Edmonton 5s	5,340,000	100½	80
Pac. Gt. Eastern 4½s	5,000,000	99	60
Buenos Ayres and Pacific 5s	5,000,000	100½	55
City of Toronto 4s	5,375,000	92½	85

This list includes offerings that would have been subscribed ten time over in ordinary times.

Other offerings which have been unsuccessful, the amounts of which have not been stated definitely, are the City of Victoria loan, of which 82 per cent. is still with the underwriters; a Canadian Northern railroad bond offering of which the underwriters are still forced to hold 84 per cent.; and a Brazilian Traction, Light & Power 6 per cent. loan, of which 79 per cent. remains unsubscribed. In other words, only 70 per cent. of the City of Victoria loan was taken, 16 per cent. of the Canadian Northern railroad bonds found a market, and only 21 per cent. of the Brazilian Traction, Light & Power 6 per cent. loan was subscribed.

Then take the securities named in the table printed above and note that of the Brazilian 5's only 6 per cent. have been sold by the underwriters, of the New South Wales 4's only 16 per cent. were sold, of the Union South Africa 4's but 13 per cent. were taken by the public, and of the remainder of the list the underwriters could only sell respectively in the order that they are mentioned, 10 per cent., 13 per cent., 20 per cent., 2 per cent., 13 per cent., 34 per cent., 20 per cent., 40 per cent., 45 per cent. and 15 per cent. What must be the condition of the money market when government securities of this high character meet with such a reception?

Despite this dreadful condition of money affairs and the fate of these new issues, other issues have been coming out at a rapid rate because of the necessity forced upon large corporations to make extensive improvements.

The failure of these flotations is due to the disturbance in all monetary centers occasioned by the Balkan war and the heavy hoardings of gold in France, Germany, Austria and elsewhere. This situation as pointed out so clearly in the failure these underwritings suggests what is now the accepted fact in financial circles in accounting for the unsatisfactory investment market that available supplies of capital have been insufficient to provide for all the financing that borrowing governments, municipalities, states, colonies and corporations have undertaken.

As a result financial centers are suffering from a credit strain of world-wide obligation. Borrowers in many instances have drawn upon credit, capital having failed to respond. Such is the case with the unsubscribed London flotations.

Failing to sell the issues the unhappy underwriters are forced to negotiate loans and carry them in the London market or elsewhere. Something of the same nature has resulted here. Railway corporations, unable to sell bonds freely or upon a satisfactory income basis have resorted to short term notes. Of these $368,000,000 are at present outstanding. They constitute an obligation which must be repaid or funded later on, and the awkward feature about them is that they may come due at an unpropitious time for negotiating loans or arranging for permanent financing. This was illustrated by the recent insolvency of the St. Louis & San Francisco railway, which could do neither.

President W. C. Brown of the New York Central, speaking of this condition of affairs of our railways, said at the recent banquet of the Boston Chamber of Commerce that:

"In 1908 railroads were compelled to borrow $187,000,000 on one-year notes, as the money could not be raised on long time securities. In 1909 these temporary borrowings had increased to $319,000,000, and in 1912 to $368,000,000. If I knew the exact figures for 1913, I should be afraid to express them.

"Our own companies, in default of the possibility of selling long term bonds on terms we could afford, have put out more than $100,000,000 of one-year notes, and unless the market improves, we shall have to put out still larger amounts."

Is there any ground for surprise that the Grand Trunk couldn't get its money to make the extension between Palmer and Providence?

Yet Chamberlin, Smithers and Mellen were indicted because the money was not forthcoming to make that extension, and they are still under indictment because of the Grand Trunk's failure to secure that money.

Why not let's have a grand jury of the nations and indict the chaps who stirred up that Balkan fuss and induced the great bankers of the world to follow business foresight in face of a coming monetary storm, and take heed for the future?

Another thought, why should not the grand juries of New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine indict all the business men, all contractors, all manufacturers who have been unable within the last six months and more to secure from the banks adequate funds with which to carry on their operations?

If all the men in the United States who have not been able to contract for money to carry out their plans were indicted like Chamberlin, Smithers and Mellen, then indeed would the sane and good people of New England rightfully understand that when Chamberlin, Smithers and Mellen stated emphatically that the extension from Palmer to Providence was abandoned because of the impossibility of the Grand Trunk securing the money with which to complete it they told the absolute and complete truth.

And why indict men for telling the truth!—New Haven Times-Leader.

A CORRECTION

It was announced in this newspaper last week that the great serial love story "The Saint Loresha," was to start in the magazine of last Sunday's New York World. This, unfortunately was an error. The story will not begin until the coming Sunday, July 6. It will be featured in the 24 page Illustrated Magazine of the Sunday World as one of the newest and best romances published. An enthralling story of a woman's devotion that stands out as the sun in the sky of latter day fiction. By all means order next Sunday's World in advance.

NOTICE.

The attention of citizens is hereby called to the following notice. The discharge of firearms of any description within the described area to note.

From Market Square through Market street to foot of Hanover, through Daniel to Penhallow, through Pleasant to State, through Congress to Middle, from Pleasant on State to Middle, is positively prohibited at all times.

The discharge of any sort of fireworks in any other part of the city of Portsmouth before Thursday night at 6 o'clock, July 3, 1913, is also prohibited.

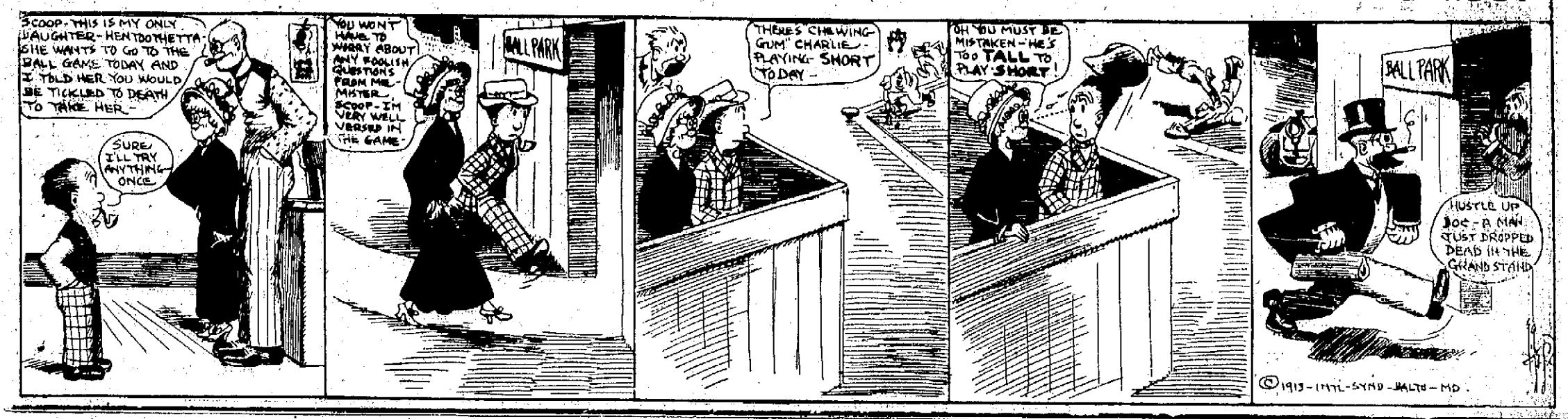
Any person violating this order will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Per order,
MICHAEL HURLEY,
City Marshal.

SCOOP THE CUB REPORTER

Hentoothetta Knows All About The Game

BY HOP



PRESIDENT WILSON'S FAMILY AT CORNISH

President Remains in Washington--Crowd Disappointed at Not Seeing President.

Windsor, Vt., June 29.—Disappointment was visible on the faces of the 1000 or more Vermont and New Hampshire folks who gathered at the railroad station here Saturday afternoon when they learned that President Wilson was not aboard the train which brought his family to their summer home.

Presidents of the United States don't visit this section of the country every summer, and from miles around people who did not know that Mr. Wilson had changed his mind about coming at the last moment journeyed to Windsor to welcome him and see what a Democratic Chief Executive might look like.

Mrs. Wilson, her daughter, Miss Eleanor Wilson, and the President's niece, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, with two maids and a Secret Service man, were the occupants of the parlor car assigned to the President, which arrived here at 1.07 p. m. attached to a regular train from Springfield, Mass. The President's family are now domiciled in Harlakenden House, Col. Winston Churchill's magnificent estate in Cornish, four miles up the Connecticut River, on the New Hampshire side.

Mrs. Wilson and her party left Washington at 5.35 p. m. Friday. At New Haven her car was detached from the Boston express and sent to Springfield, where another shift attached it to the train which regularly starts up the Connecticut Valley at 9.09. It was held a few minutes Saturday morning for the arrival of the train from New Haven. Railroad officials looked after the comfort and safety of the party all the way.

Mrs. Wilson looked charming as she alighted from her private car. She fore a gray voile dress (at least that's what a Windsor woman called it) and hat and shoes to match. She was met at the station by a Mr. Tedesstle of Boston, a college friend of her husband, who has acted as the Wilson agent in preparing Harlakenden House for their occupancy.

Mrs. Augustus St. Gaudens sent her son Homer over to welcome Mrs. Wilson to their exclusive colony in Cornish. A small flock of Secret Service men, headed by Joe Murphy, in charge of the New England division, with a squadron of White House automobiles, occupied the depot square. A half dozen newspaper photographers and a big staff of reporters hovered around and followed to the estate, but were stopped by Secret Service men.

LAST SESSION OF POLICE COURT TODAY

The local police court goes out of existence after today, and Judge Simes will hold his last session this afternoon.

Tomorrow, July 1st, the new district court for the Portsmouth District will go into effect and Judge Harry K. Torrey will preside, with Stanton Trueman as clerk.

The new court will at the same time assume jurisdiction over Greenland, Newington, Rye and Newcastle and hereafter no Justice of the Peace can preside over any police court cases, unless authorized by the presiding justice of the district in which the case comes.

Every session of the court will be attended by the clerk, who, under the new law, will have charge of all finances, taking the fines and costs and paying witness fees and other necessary expenses and paying the balance over to the county treasurer, as the County receives al fines and costs and in turn assumes all the expense of the court including salaries of Judge, Associate and Clerk.

The new court has much greater jurisdiction and can impose a sentence up to a year in jail and a fine of up to $500 and the law primarily was intended to make the district court relieve the Superior Court by disposing of the minor criminal cases and alsi civil cases where the damage is not in excess of a certain sum The right of appeal from the lower court is of course, reserved in all cases.

FORMER DAYS IN THE STEERAGE

Treatment of the Immigrant Has Improved With Years.

Many emotions possessed me the other day when I passed through the various buildings of Ellis Island. As I leaned over the railing of the magnificent gallery in the buildings, where the immigrants are assembled, my thoughts were transported back a quarter of a century and more to the time when I myself was an immigrant. The heterogeneous conglomeration below me seemed to awaken a responsive chord in my system while exciting my curiosity. Twenty-five years ago the same sight was in the main to be witnessed, but what a difference there was in the treatment of the immigrants! As compared to those days the immigrant of today travels in luxury.

My first surprise occurred when I landed at Ellis Island. The imposing structures that greeted my gaze were too magnificent for such as immigrants, so ran my thoughts. The fact was finally impressed upon me, however, that here the immigrants were really housed and started on their journey in the new country with joy and curiosity; some very few perhaps with sorrow.

The panoramic view of the island was altogether pleasing and attractive, the buildings well balanced and harmoniously constructed. The large building where the immigrants are assembled on their arrival was first visited. The immigrants sat huddled on the long benches and moved by very slow stages up the aisles to the desks behind which sat the inspectors, who quickly passed upon their eligibility. While the process was necessarily slow it could easily be seen that not a moment was wasted.

The railroad room was the scene of much bustle and noise, yet the operations were systematic and time-saving. Undoubtedly the pen where the immigrants meet their friends in this country is the center of attraction. Here all the emotions of humanity can mingle become manifest. Tears and laughter, humor and sorrow, betray themselves. Pathos is now and then apparent; tragedy is ever lurking on the outskirts; comedy is ever evident and will not be suppressed. To the Americanized sight probably the most ludicrous scene is to see two of the male sex embrace and kiss each other rapturously. Yet I well remember when I was the party of the first part in just such a scene.

The dormitory is a spacious affair, every precaution being taken for sanitation and safety. In fact when I first landed in this country such sleeping quarters would have amazed me. Instead of a foebegone immigrant I would have felt like a princely visitor. And the immigrants' restaurant would have fostered this feeling. I could not help thinking that perhaps the United States was trying to make the immigrants perpetual guests of Ellis Island. You might well think so from the consideration shown for the creature comforts and happiness of immigrants.

The contrast with conditions of 25 years or more ago is striking. Then it was everybody for himself and no questions asked. Your destination concerned only yourself. If you landed in Kalamazoo instead of Kennebec that was your own fault. If you had no friends to meet you you struck out for yourself, but you had to be careful where you landed.

When I departed from a little port in Norway 25 years ago for this country there were certain preliminaries of a personal nature insisted upon by the steamship company. For instance, I had to buy a mattress for my bunk, blanket, pillow, wash basin, tin cup, tin knives and forks and a tin plate, all costing about four crowns, or $1 in American money. Today these are all provided on the boats themselves and are included in your passage fee.

And the bunks then were a menace to life and limb, as well as arch enemies to the comfort. I am, of course, speaking of third class passage. Ranged four in a room, two on each side, one had to stand or sit on his bunk in order to dress or undress.

When meal time came two sailors appeared with a large kettle, from which they dumped soup into your plate, after which the process was repeated with potatoes and meat, and sometimes, perhaps on the ship's birthday, you received a dose of soggy pudding under any name you cared to bestow.

In your room you were allowed a tiny lamp, which threw its beams of light about one inch beyond the chimney. Of course it was only meant for ornament, but it had an odor that was suffocating in a stuffy room. If you wanted to read you had to use raised letters, like the blind, only there were no raised letters.

The quarters of the third class passengers were surely the epitome of everything undesirable and unhealthy. And you had to stand for it for something like 16 days, whereas now you can make it in eight. Double torture, double time.—New York Sun.

Mrs. Ernest Foss and son Gerald of Rye are visiting relatives at Salem, Mass.

THE OLD SOLDIERS ARE GATHERING AT GETTYSBURG

Living Over Again the Famous Battle--President Wilson to Address Veterans July 4th.

Gettysburg, Penn., June 29.—Coming from as far west as Washington, and as far south as Texas and Oklahoma, Civil War veterans by the hundreds are pouring into Gettysburg today by regular and special trains, which also carry scores of friends and visitors for the opening of the semi-centennial celebration of the great battle next week.

The town, with its population of 4500 is coping well with the problem of taking care of the crowds and ample accommodations so far have been afforded.

News received at the office of the Pennsylvania Commission on the Gettysburg College campus today told of the passage by the Legislature of the $35,000 additional appropriation to provide for the extra 10,000 veterans expected in the big camp, and later this afternoon further advices were received that a carload of tents, cots and other equipment would arrive from Philadelphia during the night.

It will be distributed quickly tomorrow, and when the camp opens, at 5 o'clock in the evening everything will be in readiness to receive the veterans.

A telegram from Gen. J. Thompson Brown today places at 3000 the present enrollment of Virginia old veterans who intend coming to Gettysburg with constant additions. It is probable that the estimate of 1800 from that state will be doubled.

Four troops of Pennsylvania state constabulary are now in camp here and are patrolling the streets of the town and establishing traffic regulations.

The squadron of cavalry which arrived Thursday from Fort Myer is doing similar duty on the battlefield avenues, with additional instructions to protect all monuments and other Government property.

Gen. Hunter Liggett of Washington has been named as commandant of the camp and will arrive tomorrow, when Gov. Tener will also be present.

The buildings of Gettysburg College were opened today to the guests of honor, among the first arrivals of whom were Gen. Lewis A. Grant of Minneapolis and George E. Lovejoy of Lawrence, Mass., chaplain-in-chief of the G. A. R.

Adjt. Gen. Stewart of Pennsylvania was another arrival today and he went under canvas in the tents reserved for the Governor and his staff.

Final arrangements at the big camp were completed today. The assignment of space for the correspondents was made and newspaper men from all the principal dailies in the country will find accommodations there.

Three hundred and fifty Philadelphian Boy Scouts arrived this evening and were scattered about the camp at various stations, where they will assist the veterans in any manner possible.

Fourteen Red Cross stations were established on the battlefield to serve as rest stations and temporary hospitals for the veterans. A thousand cooks arrived for duty at the camp and everything is complete for the opening tomorrow evening.

WILSON DECIDES TO GO

Delays Trip to Summer Home to Attend Celebration on the Birthday of the Nation.

Washington, June 29.—President Wilson Saturday night decided to attend the 50th anniversary celebration of the battle of Gettysburg on the Fourth of July. He telegraphed Gov. Tener that he had reconsidered his previous declination and would make a brief speech to the veterans.

The President's decision followed a conference with Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania. The President previously had taken the position in declining to go that he would be breaking his rule established months ago not to leave Washington for any speech making occasion while Congress was in session.

Mr. Palmer pointed out, however, the importance of the Gettysburg celebration, its Nation-wide significance and particularly the spirit of sectional sympathy that would result from a speech by a southern-born President at the reunion of the north and south.

The President had intended to leave Tuesday for New Hampshire to spend a few days with his family but the trip will necessitate a rearrangement of plans. Mr. Wilson probably will be in Gettysburg only a few hours, and it has not yet been decided whether he will go by motor or by train. His plans probably will be announced on Monday.

Sec. Tumulty gave out this statement for the President:

"The President has felt constrained to forego his chance for a few days of much needed rest in New Hampshire this week because he feels it his duty to attend the celebration at Gettysburg on Friday, the Fourth of July."

McLOUGHLIN IN SEMIFINAL

Wimbledon, Eng., June 29.—Maurice E. McLoughlin, champion of the United States; J. C. Parke, Irish and Scottish champion; Oscar Kreutzer, German champion; Stanley N. Doust, Australian champion—are the only survivors for the semifinals in the British tennis championships. All the Englishmen were eliminated Saturday.

McLoughlin beat W. Ingram in three straight sets, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.

Parke, the Irish and Scottish champion, beat R. Watson by three straight sets, 6-4, 6-1, 6-4. Watson was the English player who yesterday put Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia out.

Doust, who is captain of the Australian Davis team, beat Hope Crisp, captain of the Cambridge University team, three sets to one. The score was 7-5, 6-3, 3-6, 11-9.

In the final match of the round, Kreutzer beat Kenneth Powell, formerly captain of the Cambridge University team, 6-4, 6-1, 5-7, 6-0.

The semifinal matches which are to be played early next week will be between McLoughlin and Parke and Doust and Kreutzer. Among experts here McLoughlin and Kreutzer are the favorites to go into the final round.

In the second round of the All-England doubles championship, A. F. Wilding and G. W. Hillyard beat Wallace F. Johnson of Philadelphia and G. Zinn 6-3, 6-3, 6-2.

Friedrich Wilhelm Rahe and Heinrich Kleinschroth of Germany, beat Stanley N. Doust of Australasia, and T. M. Mavrogordaro, the old Oxonian, by three sets to two, the score being 3-6, 6-3, 1-6, 7-5, 6-3.

TOO GENEROUS

"Your husband is willing to allow you the custody of the automobile the poodle, and the rubber plant, the liberal alimony, while he takes the children and the graphophone."

"Stop the divorce," sobbed the wife. "I'll never get another husband like that."—Louisville Courier Journal.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Portsmouth District Nursing Association will be held Tuesday, July 1, 1913, at 4 p. m. at the Probate Court room on State street. All those interested are cordially invited to attend.

F. A. MATHES, Sec'y.

REMINISCENT

(Galveston News)

My boy's just bought a hand new gun,
a model of its kind;
The barrel is of nickel steel and in
that gun you'll find
The greatest of improvements that
the mind of man can reach,
From self ejecting of the shells to
compensating breech.
But as I aim that dainty gun, with all
it has to show,
I think back to the old time gun I
owned long years ago.

It was a muzzle loader sure, and hammers large and tall,
Cocked back three times with wicked snaps—and sometimes wouldn't fall,
The ramrod was of choicest ash held
fast by metal straps,
And standing out like pillars were the
nipples for the caps.

I'd take that gun and hunt for crows,
and as a joyful task
I'd ram a wad of paper on the powder
from my flask,
And dump into each barrel shot I'd
I'd previously placed
Within the tunnel of a bell that
swung about my waist.

And then I'd shoot. The wave of
smoke would linger half an hour;
The numbness in my shoulder showed
that shotgun's shooting power,
But though it hung fire half the time
and kept me chilled with fear,
Somehow I wouldn't trade it for a
model of this year.
If I could go back to its day, as old
men yearn to do,
And get my collar bone jarred loose
with shooting at a crow,

Read the Want Ads. on Page 7.

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 3, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

Telephones

Editorial.....28 | Business.....37

Portsmouth, N. H., Monday, June 30, 1913.

Cleaning Up Day.

If before every Fourth of July all cities and towns were given a thorough cleaning of rubbish, and all use of explosives then restricted as to time and place, the police and public wardens might have at least a fighting chance to minimize the disastrous results of our public folly during the years it may require to inspire in our people a desire for a rational kind of celebration. And such a desire must be inspired. It is the duty of every city to arrange for its people suitable amusements or exercises definitely calculated to educate them in a rational observance of this historic holiday. Habits of folly can be most easily eliminated by a substitution of something better. The things a city can do to interest its citizens in a sane and wholesome celebration are unlimited, and the municipalities which in the past two years have taken steps in this direction are already receiving national praise for their wisdom and their high sense of civic responsibility.

Is Becoming a Science.

Road building is becoming a science, and instead of having the work done under the competent direction of county or town officials, the states are assuming the responsibility of control, with excellent results. In Massachusetts road making under the supervision of state officials has become an art, and, as a consequence the old Bay State is creating a system of highways which has few equals anywhere. Incidentally, as a direct result of the construction of good roads, the value of country property in Massachusetts has considerably increased. If good roads will so increase the value of farm property in the old eastern states, what may we not expect in this country? We are all equally interested in good roads. Let's get busy.

Reasons for a Sane Fourth.

It stands as a matter of history to the everlasting disgrace of this country that in the ten years from 1903 to 1912, inclusive, a total of 39,808 people—the equivalent of nearly forty regiments—were killed or injured in the celebrations of the Fourth of July. Last year was America's sanest Fourth with the lowest record of casualties made since records were kept. The figures in details were: Dead, 20; classified as follows: By fireworks,; cannon, 1; firearms, 6; gunpowder, 6; toy pistols, 1; runaway, 1. Injured, 659, classified as follows: By fireworks, 328; cannon, 47; firearms, 84; gunpowder, 96; torpedoes, 33; bomb canes, 7; toy pistols, 48; runaways, 20.

It Will Be Different Next Sunday.

Mrs. Wilson, wife of President Wilson, and her neice, Miss Bones, motored over to Windsor on Sunday from their New Hampshire estate and attended services at the Old South Congregational church. Their coming was not expected and there was only the customary congregation. It, however, is safe to say that the "standing room only" sign will be displayed at that church next Sunday, as soon as the news gets circulated in that section.

The Poor Dentist.

According to late advices, if your dentist advertises "teeth extracted without pain," he must make good and not permit the least little twinge of the nerve or you can send the sheriff after him and take him into court. That will be the rule after July 4th. A new law provides for revocation of the license of a dentist for "misrepresentation in his advertisements." After the license is revoked it is a misdemeanor if he pulls a tooth, with or without pain.

Plan Did Not Work.

One of our lady subscribers vowed that she would teach her husband to pick up things. So she let everything lay just where he dropped it and at the end of the week she called us in to see the room. Everything he had was on the floor but his plug of Star tobacco.

How to Whiten Hands.

Perhaps you will not believe it, but they say that one of our young maidens recently sent the usual 25 cents to find out how to whiten hands, and in a few days the following answer came, "soak them in dish water." Her mother was tickled almost to death.

A Timely Warning.

A man in Iowa was soundly thrashed by his wife last week for not paying his newspaper subscription after she had given him the cash to do it. May her crown be trimmed to order and her harp have an extra string.

Feeding Gettysburg's Reunited Army of Vets
No Small Task at the Fiftieth Anniversary.

Photos by American Press Association.

For the few remaining years left of life for most of the civil war veterans the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the battle of Gettysburg will never be forgotten. The advance guard of the united army of old soldiers who once opposed each other so bitterly found a small tented city ready for them on the field adjacent to the battleground when they arrived prior to July 1. Five thousand tents had been erected by the government, and the vets found every convenience awaiting them. The army kitchens conducted by the regular army soldiers proved an interesting sight to most of the visitors. More than 40,000 mess kits were necessary, with an equal number of enameled plates, knives, forks, spoons, etc. An idea of what "kitchen row" looked like is obtained from the lower picture. A general view of part of the tented city is also shown.

CELIA THAXTER

(Born June 1835; died August, 1894.)

(From "The Boston Herald")

Lonely, loving child; woman pure and fair,
Who gave to simple words their sweetest meanings—
We, in return, would tenderest thoughts declare,
In reverence speak of modest, tendered gleanings.

Free, lighthouse child, then inland singer clear,
Whose every note has charm and hopeful yearning,
Singing of earth love, deepest notes we hear
Now, love and praise we would be returning.

"Because of thee"—because of this we sing,
That "the sunrise never failed" for her, we know;
Because of such a tribute now we bring,
True songs she sang, and—this is why we love her so.

JUSTIN HENRY SHAW.

Kittery, Me., June, 1913.

BAND STAND WEDDING.

Ten Thousand People Witness It at Salisbury Beach.

The marriage of a couple in the band stand at Salisbury Beach on Saturday afternoon appears to have brought ten thousand people to that sea shore resort to witness the final act of Dan Cupid among which were several from this city. The contracting parties were Margaret Amoseri, 23, of Fall River, Mass., and George H. Mount, 25, of Camden, N. J.

By that conspicuous ceremony the couple wins the $100 prize offered by the Salisbury Beach Board of Trade to the couple first to be married on the bandstand. The offer was made a week ago. Twelve answers were received from as many couples. But Mount and Miss Amoseri were first.

When the ministers of Newburyport, Haverhill, Amesbury and other nearby cities heard that Rev. Jacob F. Spalding was to splice the couple in the band stand, they protested, but Rev. Mr. Spalding gave their protests a deaf ear and made them man and wife at 4 o'clock. The wedding was held according to schedule. The best man was Jeremiah Sullivan of Salisbury Beach, and the bridesmaid, Miss Mary Moghub, of Camden, N. J.

After the ceremony the couple was presented with the $100 by Ralph Pratt, representing the Board of Trade. Various articles of furniture, gifts from local business houses, adorned the band stand during the ceremony. The couple was then given the freedom of the beach, where they will spend their honeymoon.

Mount and Miss Amoseri have been friends for the past two years. It is said that they were to be married this summer anyway, and thought they might as well take the $100 offered by the Board of Trade.

JUDGE GETS CANE.

Presented by the Portsmouth Bar Association This Afternoon.

At the conclusion of police court this afternoon Judge Thomas H. Sinnes was happily surprised when the members of the Portsmouth Bar Association took possession of the court room when they presented him with a handsome gold headed cane. The presentation was made by Hon. William E. Marvin in which the Judge most feelingly responded. The cane bore the following inscription: "A mark of esteem, presented by the Portsmouth Bar Association to Judge Thomas H. Sinnes of the police court of the city of Portsmouth, whose office and court terminates this day, June 30, 1913.

WHAT HE WANTED IT FOR

"I wish I had money enough to get married," he remarked.

She looked down and blushed. "And what would you do?" she asked looking very hard at a little design of the carpet.

"I would spend it traveling he replied and the thermometer fell ten degrees.—Lippincott's.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC

The annual picnic of St. John's Church school will be held Wednesday, July 2. The members of the church school will be taken to Hampton Beach in a special car which will leave the Parade at 9.05 a. m. Those who desire tickets should be at St. John's Chapel at 8.45 a. m.

CURRENT OPINION — THE TWO KINDS OF LABOR.

Labor is a commodity to be bought and sold, notwithstanding the maudlin criticism of some theorists. Labor is not the man himself, whom I consider a part of the Divine, but labor is his output—just the same as wheat is the output of the farmer, and it is a subject for purchase and sale, and upon its quality depends its demand and its value.

There are two kinds of labor, the one manual and the other mental. When the skilled workman possesses a trained mind which directs his hands, he rises in value, and when he reaches a plane where his mind is so well trained that he in turn becomes a creator and must needs devise and direct, he then requires other hands to carry out his ideas. Then he again rises in the plane of value to humanity, and his compensation must keep pace.

It is of the greatest harm to permit workmen to go on in the belief that manual labor creates all wealth and is therefore entitled to it. All manual labor is like the plane that the hand drives. It is a tool to carry out the purpose of a higher quality of mind, which is the realcreator. The plane is necessary to smooth the board; the human hand is necessary to drive the plane; the human mind is necessary to direct the hand; but back of that the first requisite, the most important and the highest paid because of the greatest value, is the mind which plans the building, which plans the machine, and whose directions must be followed, otherwise the plane would plane the boards, in a manner unfit for use, or the human hand would drive the plane in such a manner that the work would be valueless.

Manufacturers are responsible to their associates, their stockholders and the world at large, not only for the successful conduct of the industrial institutions of the United States, but in a higher way they are responsible for their standing before the public in the light of honest, just men who recognize certain Divine principles in the management of the great world, and who stand steadfast as a rock for the carrying out of these principles—justice, integrity and humanity.—C. W. Post, of the National Association of Manufacturers.

NOTICE

During my absence at Gettysburg, the Polmet Metal Polishing Cloth, can be had at my residence, 3 Myrtle avenue; Phone 667 W. As the exclusive agent for Rockingham County, the Polmet, can only be obtained of me, or by my permission, at Fred A. Gray & Co., 30 Daniel street.

M. H. BELL.

To one who has heard "the call of the west" in the Rocky Mountains of Colorado, the announcement by the Edison Company of the film "Over the Great Divide in Colorado," brings back a flood of pleasant recollections—memories of golden days on plains a mile above sea level; visions of rugged snow capped peaks and yawning chasms; thoughts of engineering achievements that must be seen to be believed. Colorado has furnished the setting for many dramatic photoplays, but the scenics are the best of all, for they show Nature in its silent grandeur, quietly impressing one that America is the country to see first.

"Over the Great Divide in Colorado" will be on the screens July 7th.

ELEVEN INNING GAME.

Portsmouth Independents and Marines Have a Battle Royal.

The Portsmouth Independents defeated the U. S. M. C. on the Seavey Island diamond, 2 to 1, in 11 innings Sunday afternoon in one of the fastest games played at the Navy Yard. Both Pilgrim and Paton pitched effective ball, keeping the hits well scattered. In the 11th inning Davis hit a long drive to right field, which Wilson dropped, and Newbolt's two-bagger sent him home with the winning run. The score:

INDEPENDENTS.

	bb	po	a	e
Bruce, 2b	1	2	3	2
Reardon, cf	0	2	0	0
Davis, c	1	7	4	0
Gragen, 3b	1	3	1	1
Newbolt, ss	1	2	7	1
Furin, 1b	1	11	2	0
Weaver, lf	0	2	1	0
Howard, rf	0	2	0	0
Pilgrim, p	0	2	3	0
Totals	5	33	21	4

U. S. M. C.

	bb	po	a	e
Mims, 1b	0	15	2	0
Wilson, rf	0	1	0	1
Kaplan, 3b	1	2	3	1
McGarry, cf	3	3	1	0
Parker, c	0	9	5	0
Smith, 2b	0	2	2	0
Daleiden, ss	2	1	4	0
Moll, lf	0	0	0	0
Paton, p	1	0	11	1
Totals	7	33	28	3

Innings ..1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
Independ'ts ..0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
U. S. M. C....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Runs made, by Bruce, Davis, Smith. Two-base hit, Newbolt. Base on balls, by Paton 3, by Pilgrim 8. Struck out, by Paton 10, by Pilgrim 7. Sacrifice hit, Mims. Double play, Kaplan, Smith and Mims. Hit by pitched ball, Paton. Time, 2h 10m. Umpires, Shaw and Perry.

Any time you want to take a drive just telephone 3, and Hislop will do the rest. he tf.

KITTERY

Breezy Items From the Village Across the River.

Kittery correspondent's telephone, 778-M; P. O. address, Box 303.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie I. Williams and two daughters, the Misses Dorothy and Elizabeth and neice, Miss Gertrude Roland, of Love Lane, left Sunday morning for a visit to Mr. Williams' parents in Auburn, N. Y. They are making the trip in their automobile and expect to reach their destination Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Annie Howes of North Kittery is the guest of her neice, Mrs. Carroll Blaney of Lynn.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hoyt of Boston, are the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Remick of Oak Bank during the summer vacation.

Miss Emma Gerry of North Kittery was in Lunenberg, Mass., last week to attend the wedding of Rev. Elmer I. Leslie.

Mrs. Sarah Snow is at her summer home at North Kittery.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bradbury and family of Dover have opened their summer home at Breezy Point, Old Ferry Lane.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Baker are visiting the latter's parents in York for

Mr. and Mrs. William Smith of William's avenue are among those who are enjoying the trip to Gettysburg.

Miss Lina Joy of Commercial street has gone to Newport, R. I., to pass her vacation with her sister.

Mrs. F. A. Thompson and young son of Kittery Depot have gone to Brunswick, Canada, to visit relatives.

The Misses Ruby and Pearl Fitch of Lynn, Mass., are the guests of their cousin, Mrs. Raymond Gerry of Rogers Road.

Mrs. Isaac Lambert and daughter, Miss Eva Lambert have returned from a few days visit to relatives in South Berwick.

Mrs. Walter Philbrick of Pine street has returned from a few days visit to her son in Quincy, Mass.

There will be a meeting of the official board of the Second Methodist church on Tuesday evening after the regular hour of prayer.

Mrs. Ida Manson of Echo street is visiting in Old Orchard, Me.

Mar. and Mrs. Asher Damon are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Furoy of Boston.

The Phoebes will have a lawn party on Thursday evening on the grounds between the Second Christian church and the parsonage.

The K. C. V. F. A., will have a benefit ball at Wentworth Hall on Thursday evening.

Rev. and Mrs. Allison J. Hayes of Echo street were tendered a pleasant surprise on Saturday evening, the first anniversary of their marriage. They had been invited to the house of Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses G. Swett to supper, and when they were taken home by Mr. Swett in his automobile, as they neared their house, they were greeted by the song of "Home Sweet Home," and there assembled up on the lawn were nearly a hundred of their parishioners. During their absence the grounds had been decorated with Japanese lanterns and the surprise was complete, not an inkling of it having reached the pastor and his wife, but they heartily welcomed their guests and a delightful party followed. Mr. Swett in behalf of the parishioners, presented Mr. and Mrs. Hayes a handsome chafing dish with all the attachments. Refreshments of fruit punch and fancy crackers were served. At a late hour the company departed wishing their beloved leader and his wife many years of wedded happiness.

Married in Lunenberg, Mass., June 26, Rev. Elmer I. Leslie, of Arlington Heights, formerly pastor of the North Kittery Methodist church, to Miss Helen Noon. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father in the church of which he is the pastor.

Masters Earle and Kenneth Pryor of Melrose are visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Harry Wyman of Locke's Corner, is entertaining her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willams of Central Falls, R. I., who were accompanied by Miss Edith Wyman, who has been on an extended visit to her grandparents.

Josephine M. Waite of Rogers road is visiting relatives in Lawrence, Mass.

Esther Rogers of Pawtucket, R. I., is visiting her sister, May Rogers of Rogers road.

Master Earl Glenn of Central Falls R. I., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Harry Wyman of Locke's Cove.

The following officers were elected at the Second Christian Church Sunday school on Sunday, June 29.

Superintendent—Melvin G. Ford.
Assistant Superintendent—Mr. Arnaldo Natino.
Secretary Fannie T. Fernald.
Treasurer—Alexander Dennett.
Librarian—Clarence L. Moody.
Superintendent of Kindergarten—May F. Brown.
Pianist—Ruth H. Young.

Mrs. George F. Philbrick is visiting her daughter Mrs. Warren N. Phinney on the navy yard.

Among those who went to Gettysberg were: Lieut. Edwin A. Duncan, and John C. Burnham of the local G. A. R. Post.

May F. Brown of Oak Bank has been called to Weymouth, Mass., on account of the serious illness of a nephew.

Harry G. Goodrich who has been restricted to his home by illness the past week has returned to York Harbor where is is employed.

Ralph E. Fernald and daughter Evelyn, of Cambridge, Mass., who have been here on a visit have returned home.

Rev. William Stanley of Portsmouth exchanged pulpits with Rev. Arnaldo Natino Sunday morning and preached an excellent sermon.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE PROGRAMME

For Monday and Tuesday

The Love Test—Lubin.

A very dramatic western story. He is so engrossed in his work that he neglects his wife. A picture out of the ordinary.

Pathe's Weekly No. 25

Giving you all the latest and most interesting facts of the week. A very good weekly.

ACT—**Williams Brothers —Singing and Dancing.**

Roughing the Cub—Vitagraph.

The "Boys" and him a tough deal. He "beats" them to it and lands a great story. It makes a hit and so does he.

ACT—**Freidland & Clark—In a German Comedy Skit.**

Broncho Billy's Strategy—Essany.

Broncho Billy gets the stray husband out of trouble. A thrilling and gripping western melodrama, with Mr. G. M. Anderson.

The Swanee River—Selig.

A picturesque story of the Southland. The poetic and sentimental theme of the old Southland song is the moving crux investing and interesting story of love and comedy during the reconstruction period, south of the Mason and Dixon Line. All ends well to the haunting melody of "Way Down Upon the Swanee River" A great picture.

SPECIAL: Wednesday and Thursday: "The District Attorney's Conscience." With Mr. Arthur Johnson. Lubin. Two parts.

KITTERY POINT

What Is Happening In the Harbor Town.

A drama will be presented at the Free Baptist church on July 10, by The Willing Workers, the proceeds of which will be given to William Blake, who for a year has been incapacitated for work by an accident at the navy yard. The object is most commendable, and it is much to be hoped that a generous sum may be realized.

The summer schedule of cars on the Atlantic Shore R. R. takes effect on Tuesday, July 1.

L. H. Sawyer has resumed his duties at the navy yard after confinement to the house for several weeks by illness.

The Ward cottage is open for the summer.

Harry Seawards is able to be out gain after an illness.

Sailed Saturday—

Schooner Sadie A. Kimball, Rockport, Me., for Boston.

Schooner Herman F. Kimball Rockport, Me., for Boston.

Schooner Pocassett, Stockton Springs, Me., for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Dodge of Salem, Mass., arrived on Saturday to open their cottage for the summer.

Mrs. Ella Cole of Eliot has returned to her home, after visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Weeks.

Mrs. Smith Blake of Pownal, Me., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Blake.

George A. Kimball of Boston spent Sunday with his family in town.

William Hutchins has returned to his home from the Portsmouth Hospital.

Mrs. Lucy Hurst is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Fletcher in Portsmouth.

V. H. Goodwin and Edwin Duncan are attending the G. A. R. reunion at Gettysburg.

Miss Eva Bunker of Kittery has been the recent guest of Mr. and Mrs Frank Getchell.

Louis Anderson is enjoying a vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

Mrs. Hattie Towne of Lawrence, Mass., is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Sidney Frisbee of Beverly, Mass., is the guest of Mrs. Josephine Frisbee.

Mrs. Edward Bayliss of Everett, Mass., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth Seawards.

Mr. and Mrs. William Walker of Laconia, N. H., are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. I. T. Merry.

W. Clinton Chase of Beverly, Mass., passed Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Wallace S. Chase.

Misses Edith Churchill, Susie Seawards, Bernice Phillips, and Alice Paich left on Monday to spend a week in Rev. R. W. Churchill's summer cottage at Ocean Park, Me.

Large schools of mackerel were seen off the mouth of the harbor on Saturday afternoon.

Arrived and sailed Sunday, yawl yacht Iris, William E. Skull, owner, Philadelphia, for Dark Harbor, Me.

Arrived, power yacht, Shur, A. Wilder Pollard owner, from Gloucester, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil L. Seawards of Dover, N. H., passed Sunday with Captain and Mrs. Horace Seawards.

John M. Howells has returned from a business visit to New York.

An entertainment consisting of music, readings, etc., will be given in the vestry of the Free Baptist church on Wednesday evening at 7.45. Admission 10 cents.

Miss Mary Mullin of Somersworth, N. H., was the guest of Mrs. Thomas D. Bray on Saturday.

Mrs. Elmer Hatch has resumed her duties in York for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor E. Amee were visitors in York on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Kent and son George visited relatives in Eliot on Sunday.

George Terry of Rye, N. H., was the Sunday guest of relatives in town.

FOUR DROWNED WHEN CANOE WAS OVERTURNED

Sad Accident at Manchester to Family Outing on Merrimac.

Manchester, N. H., June 29.—Three men and a boy were drowned and two men rescued under most sensational circumstances when a canoe upset Saturday afternoon in the Merrimac river. The accident, which was seen from the river bank, was one of the most hair-raising which ever occurred on the river.

A most pathetic feature of the accident, as witnessed from the bank, was the frantic effort of Henry McKeown, aged 48, to locate his 4-year-old son, Henry McKeown, Jr. who was being tossed about by the choppy waves nearby or else being drawn slowly but surely to death beneath the waters of the river.

Efforts Fruitless.

Forgetful, seemingly, that his own brother, John McKeown, was also in danger of death, Henry McKeown who is a strong swimmer, dived again and again beneath the surface of the water in an effort to locate his child. It was all in vain.

While this was going on and persons along the river bank were tearing around madly in an effort to find some means of reaching the drowning ones, suddenly the spectators became aware that a fast motor boat was tearing down the river at top speed. In it were three young men, who were standing and peering in the direction of the overturned canoe, indicating that they intended to attempt a rescue.

Party Cheered.

Many cheers went up from those on the shores who were unable to assist in the work. The motor boat, containing John Rollins, George McClue and Henry Smith, soon reached the point where at first six had been seen struggling in the water, then five, then four, but where now but two pairs of arms were to be seen working in the water to keep two sturdy men from sinking.

The three young men in the motor boat made haste to draw the two men into the boat. They were Henry McKeown, 48, 228 South Main street, W. Manchester, and Robert Doriss, 25, of 31 Arkwright street, Manchester.

"Save my child, save my child," moaned McKeown, forgetful that he had just been pulled from death's door.

None in Canoe

The 16-foot canoe was righted, the rescuers being of the belief that some of the former occupants may have been pinned under it. This proved not to be the case, however. For some minutes the motor boat remained in the vicinity in order to recover any body that might float to the surface. All during this period there were three young men, who were standing and peering in the direction of the overturned canoe, indicating that they intended to attempt a rescue.

Finally it was concluded that four lives had been forfeited as a result of the upset. The drowned were Henry McKeown, Jr., 4, 228 South Main street, West Manchester, John McKeown, 20, uncle of the child, also of 228 South Main street; Edward Ahern, 23, 24 Arkwright street, and Arthur Leacook, 27 Wilton street.

Upset Near Ray's Rock.

The accident occurred not far from Ray's Rock, south of the Industrial School, and a half mile north of the famous Amoskeag bridge.

The canoe, with its six occupants, had been paddled about the river for nearly two hours. The fact that all of the occupants were men with the exception of the little McKeown child relieved all idea of fear or of accident.

The boat was being paddled from the west to the east bank when a sudden gust of wind came out of the northwest and toppled it over. As though it had been a cockle shell. A moment later the struggle for life began in the waters of the river.

Mr. McKeown was nearly prostrated with grief when the sense of realization enabled him to recall that his little boy and his own brother had been drowned.

The bank of the river was soon lined with bereaved members of the several families.

SOME CHERRY DISHES

With cherries at their height there are many tasty dishes now possible, dishes which are healthful and out of the ordinary.

A cherry pudding made with sliced buttered bread is this: Fill a deep pudding dish with alternate layers of buttered bread and sour cherries, stoned and stewed with sugar. Pack the dish in ice and half freeze the mixture which will become a semi-jelly. Eat with cream.

Cherries are the basis of the most refreshing food salads. Stoned cherries mixed with half their quantity of shredded celery, chopped nuts to taste and served with a mayonnaise in which cherry juice is used instead of vinigar make an excellent salad.

For another salad mix chopped almonds and sliced cucumbers with cherries, and serve with a French dressing. Pineapple and hazel nuts and cherries make another happy combination. This salad should be served with a mayonnaise whitened with whipped cream.

Bananas sliced or diced and pitted cherries served with the mayonnaise made with whipped cream and having either rose or nasturtium petals for a garnish is out of the ordinary.

A cherry pudding made with bread crumbs calls for three cupfuls of stale crumbs soaked in milk until soft, then add a teaspoonful of salt, a tablespoonful of sugar, grated nutmeg to flavor, and enough flour to make a batter. Add two teaspoonfuls of baking powder to the flour. Stir in three well beaten eggs and as many stoned cherries as can be stirred in. Fill a buttered tin or mold, two thirds full. Steam for two hours and serve hot with any kind of sauce.

A cherry pudding that is baked also calls for bread crumbs. Mix together a cupful of fine bread crumbs, a cupful of flour, four teaspoonfuls of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and half a teaspoonful of salt. Rub in four tablespoonfuls of shortening. Beat up an egg and then add half a cupful of milk; stir this into the other ingredients, over a cupful of pitted cherries sprinkle a little flour and stir this into the pudding. Bake half an hour and serve with a cream sauce of any kind.

A cherry pie which calls for either blueberries, red raspberries or the petals of two roses added to the cherries used in making a pie, makes pleasing variations in this dessert. To three cupfuls of stoned cherries or the red raspberries, together with three quarters of a cupful of sugar, a tablespoonful of butter. If rose petals are used, use the petals of two roses instead of the berries. Bake this pie with an upper and an under crust.

A cherry ice is made by boiling together a pint of water and three quarters of a cupful of sugar, and then adding a teaspoonful of granulated gelatin, one and a half cupfuls of mashed, stoned cherries and the juice of a lemon. When cool, stir in the beaten whites of three eggs. Do not turn into the freezer until it is quite cool.

A Market street business man, who was one of those on the pavement on Congress street Saturday noon when it rose with the heat, thought he was on top of a volcano when it went up.

IN THE MOVING PICTURE WORLD

The Melies round-the-world party, during their recent visit to the Dutch East Indies, departed from the photoplay long enough to make a remarkably instructive reel of film showing the culture of rice, the "staff of life" in the far East. Fully two-thirds of the land under cultivation in Java is planted in rice.

The film starts with the ploughing of dry ground by the water buffalo, then is shown the ploughing of the flooded field, where the beasts struggle along through mud knee deep. The grain is sown thickly and after it reaches a growth of about fourteen inches is transplanted further apart into flooded fields where the water is left on it for several weeks. The work is done almost entirely by Javanese women, who stand knee deep in the mud and water with their skirts tucked up after the latest fashion.

The harvesting is done by women and children who go through the fields snipping off the grain from the stalks. These heads are then taken to the treading ground where they the placed in circular piles about a foot deep and ten feet in diameter, and are trodden out by driving the water buffalo around and around on the pile. From the treading ground the grain is taken to the hullers, primitive mortars operated by the feet of little boys, who stand for hours in a rock and jump on the end of a long pole hung laterally so that the other end with a block on it works up and down in a vessel of grain.

The process of winnowing, the next step, is equally as crude. One man stands on a raised platform four feet from the ground and holding the small basket of grain above his head, empties it in such a way that in its descent the husks are blown aside and the clean grain falls in a pile on the ground. Here it is measured into bags and hauled away to the warehouses.

We are then shown the warehouses with their hundreds of thousands of bags of grain stacked up along the street, in many places higher than the buildings themselves. The film concludes with a very comical little group of Javanese boys, gorging themselves with large "hanks" of boiled rice.

Mary Garden has written for an "Alkali" Ike doll. Not the Mary Garden we all know, but nevertheless, a Mary Garwen. The Mary Garden we speak of is a little girl, seven years old, who lives in Bangor, Maine. Her mother read her a story in one of the Bangor papers, in which the child learned that the Essany Mfg. Co. was selling "Alkali" Ike dolls on horses. Mary became very enthusiastic and write to the film company, telling them that she had saved sixty-three cents and would like them to send her an "Alkali" Ike doll. The company have forwarded to this little photoplay fan a doll mounted on a horse, gratis. The Essanay Company hopes that Mary will receive as much enjoyment out of the doll, as they did in receiving her beautiful letter.

Just as we are reading in the daily papers of the crushing of the Moros by General Pershing in a final attempt at disarming them, the Selig Company announces a film scheduled for the middle of July entitled "A Moro Fish Drive at Jolo in the Philippines." The Moros, the most interesting and one of the most warlike tribes of our Pacific Island possessions, have not lost any of their picturesque customs because of the invasion of civilization. The fish drive illustrated in this film is a semi-religious event indulged in at very infrequent intervals. In some of the Islands fish drives occur once in five years. Huge canoes or "catemarans" loaded with dark skinned Islanders, go out some distance from shore and, forming a semi-circle, close in gradually until the fish are driven into shallow water by the terrible racket which is kept up in all the boats. Then leaping into the water, numbers of the young men grab their finny prey with their bare hands and rush to the beach. The ceremony concludes with an elaborate feast and native dances.

Under the title "Field Sports at Hong Kong, China" the Vitagraph Company releases a film which cannot fail to interest all lovers of outdoor sports. It shows how athletes are developed on the other side of the world. Hong Kong, being an English treaty port, is the most up-to-date city in the Orient, and the audience is largely composed of English and Americans of the better class. These games show to what a remarkable degree the initiative feature of the Chinese is applied in athletics. Their hurdle races, jumping contests and other events would do credit to some of our leading colleges.

Motion picture fans throughout the country are showing unusual interest in the recent announcement of Pathe Freres of their intention to issue two Pathe Weekly films each week. The new arrangement is particularly attractive to all concerned because the news of the world in both reels will be thre and four days earlier than was previously possible. The staff of camera-men employed on the weekly has been increased to twenty-four expert photographers so that there will be no dearth in interesting news items for both weeklies.

Under the subject head "Customs" in the General Film program, comes a picture entitled "The Consecration of a Buddhist Priest." This strange ceremony, illustrated in every detail, makes a welcome addition to the already generous proportion of "Educationals" furnished by the General Film Company. Preceded by a corps of musicians, the future priest marches with the members of his family to the temple, and there the temptation ceremony takes place. The musicians, personifying the evil spirit, take turns at tempting the young candidate thus allowing him an opportunity to show his strength of character. Finally after proving his ability to withstand the various temptations which might befall his priesthood, he is presented with his sacred vestments, which he accepts after a curious and impressive ceremony.

On the same reel is shown a "travel" subject entitled "Pisa (Italy) and its Curious Monuments"—a tour throughout the ancient city of Pisa with stops before its many landmarks which are all very old, including a view of the Leaning Tower, the most famous and one of the most mystifying structures in the world.

A natural science film of unusual attraction and no small educational value is a Pathe educational entitled "The Spotted Elephant Hawk Moth" This name may sound unfamiliar to most of us but the Caterpillar from which this pretty moth is transformed, is a very common one. It is large and clumsy in appearance and striped in yellow and red. The caterpillar is shown gorging himself on some particularly tasty plant; then is shown the change to the chrysalis stage. Shrunken in size, he lies almost inert for a short period then from the faded shell emerges a moth with short wings. While waiting for his wings to grow the moth has a hard time until he finds a secure spot on a friendly twig. Then the spotted Elephant Hawk Moth is shown fully developed and in all his glory, ready for his initial plunge into space.

On the same reel is shown "Athens—the Pearl of Greece." The camera takes us up the height to the famous and beautiful Acropolis, from which we are shown the city spread out below and the Pentelikon Mountains in the back ground; ancient Athens with its splendid examples of Doric and Ionic architecture, contrasted with the Athens of today, with its very modern population, its busy market places and traffic laden streets. Truly such films are the most eloquent of "travelogues" and with the frequent release of such subjects which are promised by the General Film Company, the public will soon be as familiar with the distant, strange and interesting corners of the earth as they are with their own backyards.

The announcement that the Biograph Company has formed a combination with Klaw & Erlanger for the purpose of producing in motion pictures some of their most popular stage plays, comes as a welcome surprise.

The offerings of this combination will embrace an exclusive repertoire of copyrighted plays. Already nearly four hundred have been secured for this purpose, and rehearsals for the earlier releases wil be begun at once. We can look for the first productions of this combination about October 1st.

George Kleine, of Chicago, importer of the famous Cines and Eclipse films, has made the statement that he does not intend to release any more single reel subjects but will devote his entire time to Multiple Reel Films. Among the coming Kleine Films which are announced for release in General Film Service are: "A Villian Unmasked." "The Statue of Fright," "Honor Thy Father," three very strong features particularly notable for fine photography and artistic settings.

From the standpoint of historical accuracy, perhaps the most remarkable film ever made is the Kalem three reel production of Bronson Howard's great novel "Shenandoah." Practically all the guns and uniforms used in making this great film were actually used in Shenandoah Valley during the Civil War. There were used in this picture over 30,000 rounds of small arm ammunition, 5000 rounds were used in the battery of 20 cannon. One of the Confederate flags used was captured by a Massachusetts regiment during Sheridan's raid through Virginia and one of the Union flags was loaned to the Kalem company by a Michigan Grand Army Post. The scenes showing Sheridan's ride were made along the actual route ridden by the doughty general.

When the spectator views the production on the screen, he will find realized an exact reproduction of Sheridan's spectacular ride, his rally of the Union troops, and the defeat and retreat of the Confederates in the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia.

All of us have heard of and wondered at the remarkable feats of the carrier pigeon but few of us have ever had the opportunity to see or study the nature and care of these interesting birds, because, while common on the other side, they are scarce in the United States. A film announced for release in General Film Service treats of the subject thoroughly through the different stages of growth of a pair of squabs, their early training, the interesting method of wedging a rolled message to one of the pigeon's tail feathers so that it offers least resistance in flight, the remarkable system employed to determine the winner of a carrier pigeon match, and one scene showing the start of over ten thousand pigeons in a great aerial race.

On the same reel, is shown a timely subject entitled "How a Blossom Opens." It shows the flower's growth by slow stages and illustrates certain things which the naked eye cannot possibly discern. This is made possible by an ingenious mechanical device which makes one exposure on the film at regular intervals of an hour or so. When the film is shown the pictures taken at these long intervals are projected at the rate of fourteen a second.

One of "Kate Kirby's Cases," a series of detective stories by J. Searle Dawley, has been dramatized by the Edison people under the title "The Diamond Crown," and will be released in the prominent motion picture theatres of the country early in July.

Read the Want Ads on Page 1.

FIREWORKS

Fireworks for the boys and girls. The largest box collection for the money ever offered; 65 pieces in the box, all harmless for the children; no heavy explosives. The smallest child can handle them all without any danger whatever from them. On the receipt of a one dollar bill ($1) mail or express order, I will ship to every address this large assortment as follows:

The $1.00 Combination

No. 1—One National Repeating Fifty-Shot Cap Pistol. Never fails to operate smoothly, and will deliver 50 clear, distinct, extra-loud shots with one loading. It is impossible for an accident to occur from a flare-back into the magazine.

No. 2—One Box of Repeating Caps—500 reports.

No. 2—One Box of Repeating Caps—500 reports.

No. 3—One bunch of 52 Firecrackers.

No. 4—One Bunch of 40 No. 2 Mandarum Crackers.

No. 5—One box Gee Whiz Torpedoes and Racket Box. New this year. After torpedoes are gone, by applying handle can be made one of the most racket-making toys out.

No. 6—One 10-inch Vnun Star Battery to hold in hand.

No. 7—One Fire Fly No. 1.

No. 8—One 6-ball Roman Candle, colored stars.

No. 9—One Hudson Fulton Mine, 6-inch stand on ground.

No. 10—Three sticks Slow Match.

No. 11—One Butterfly; it flies in the air and sends forth colored fire.

No. 12—One Electric Buster No. 1; 4-inch stand on ground.

No. 13—One Battleship (new).

No. 14—One Bug Light, 4-inch, to stand on ground; bright fires.

No. 15—One large stick Red Fire, burning five minutes.

No. 16—One Pin Wheel Top.

No. 17—One box of 25 best Torpedoes.

No. 18—One shower of Pearls No. 1; 5-inch to hold in hand.

No. 19—Two 4-ounce Sky Rockets.

No. 20—One fireworks Air Ship; flies in the air; 5-inch.

No. 21—One small wooden box of Red Fire.

No. 22—One Grasshopper.

No. 23—One small stickk Red Fire to hold in hand.

No. 24—One small stick Green Fire to hold in hand.

No. 25—One Boa Constrictor; a wonderful pyrotechnical toy, making a very large snake from a little pill.

No. 26—One 14-inch red, white and Blue Horn, nickel mouthpiece.

No. 27—Two 4-ball Roman Candles, colored stars.

No. 28—One Whistling novelty.

No. 29—One dozen best 1913 Sparklers.

No. 30—One Pin Wheel.

No. 31—One box of 10 American Cannon Crackers, 2-inch.

No. 32—Two 3-inch Serpents.

No. 33—One small box of Green Fire.

No. 34—One box of Japanese Torpedoes.

No. 35—One 10-ball Roman Candle, colored stars.

No. 36—One Little Chief Salute; good to make your friends get up in the morning; very loud report.

No. 37—Very large Flower Pot.

No. 38—Two bunches of small Crackers.

No. 39—One Cow Bell.

No. 40—One box of 150 Caps for Pistol.

No. 41—One large 14-inch Sparkler; burning 5 minutes.

65 pieces in box. All good value at $1.75, all for $1.00.

JOHN N. PEARSON,
66 State St., Portsmouth, N. H.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION ON BIRD SHOOTING

The regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Biological Survey, fixing the seasons in which the shooting of migratory birds is allowed, have just been made public. These regulations are authorized under the recently-enacted Weeks-McLean Migratory Bird law and are effective as of Oct. 1, 1913.

They take absolute precedence over all existing statutes in the several states, but in most cases the closed seasons take the average of the existing laws of the states in the particular zones in which they are located.

The country is divided into two zones, Northern and Southern, the line of division running wholly or in part north of the latitude 40 degrees and the Ohio River. The six New England states and 19 other states comprise the northern zone, while the southern zone contains 23 southern states.

These zones take the place of 59 similar districts now existing under the statutes of the several states, and the shooting season fixed for these divisions varies according to the four classifications of migratory birds. These classifications and the open seasons in the northern zone allowed on them are: 1, water fowl, from Sept. 1 to Dec. 15; 2, rail, Sept. 1 to Dec. 1; 3, woodcock, Oct. 1 to Dec. 15; 4, shore birds, Sept. 1 to Dec. 15.

Spring shooting is absolutely prohibited. Shooting of migratory birds between sunset and sunrise is also prohibited. No shooting whatever, is allowed of cranes, or the columbidae—doves, pigeons, etc.

A closed season until Sept. 1, 1914 is established for band-tailed pigeons little brown, sandhill and whooping cranes; swans, curlew, all shore birds except black breasted and golden plover, Wilson or jack snipe, wood duck, greater and lesser yellow legs.

Wood duck in addition, are given a closed season to Sept. 1, 1918, in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

Insectivorous birds, including robins, larks, etc., are protected at all times in all states and similar protection is given the smaller shore birds and others which are greatly reduced in numbers. The Department of Agriculture has issued two pamphlets on the subject, one containing the regulations and the other an explanation of them.

ARE THERE TOO MANY COLLEGES

That there are too many colleges in the United States with inadequate equipment and support, attempting to give full courses for the bachelor's degree; that much duplication of work is going on; and that there could be a profitable merging of existing institutions to the resultant benefit of the institutions and the community; these are inferences that may be clearly drawn from the report of Dr. K. C. Babcock, in the year book of the Commissioner of Education, just issued.

The problem is particularly acute at this time in the case of state-supported institutions. Many of the states have their work of higher education centralized in the state university or agricultural college; but in 5 states there are 3 or more state-supported and state-controlled institutions. It is in these states, particularly, that conditions are often found under which "the distribution and subdivision of what should be a unified function of the state as a whole has led inevitably to waste, duplication, undesirable competition for appropriations, and campaigning for students in order to get more appropriations."

The report concedes that in some states circumstances demand that the institutions be distributed in accordance with special needs. That there is an obvious advantage in the location of the Michigan College of Mines and the Missouri School of Mines in the mining districts of those states. Furthermore, Dr. Babcock frankly states that the waste due to duplication of faculty, equipment and buildings is frequently overestimated. "There is no loss of economy or of efficiency," he says, "in carrying on in different places the work of the first year, or the first two years, of a liberal arts course or of a course preliminary to technological work, provided the faculty and equipment of these two years are fully utilized.

"It is when specialized and technological work is begun in the second year of the usual course, when the services of high-salaried men and enormously expensive equipment are required, that the waste and efficiency of plant inevitably appear."

Considerable effort has recently been put forth to prevent needless duplication both in the case of public and private institutions, but so far little actual consolidation on the part of state institutions has taken place.

POLICE NEWS

John Chirtserton, a sailor, was arrested on Saturday evening charged with evading car fare on the Boston and Maine R. R. He was turned over to Officer Carlton on the arrival of the train by Conductor Sanborn who makes the charges. Christerton came down from Boston and had a ticket as far as Newburyport and refused to pay his fare to this city. He maintains that he wanted to get off at Newburyport and that the station was not called and he was carried by and refused to pay the extra fare to this city.

Saturday night there were two drunks and two marked safekeeping on the police blotter.

Sunday there was no arrest made.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Portsmouth, N. H., June 28, 1913

Ayers, Miss Grace E.
Cooper, Mrs. Charlotte
Collons, Miss Ruth.
Daniels, Miss Ruth.
Jones, Miss Alice.
Murphy, Miss Alice.
Miller, Mrs. Maggie.
Miller, Mrs. A. C.
O'Neill, Mrs. H. C.
Olson, Mrs. Josie.
Pearson, Mrs. Molly A.
Pennlman, Mrs. L. L.
Smith, Miss Luella.
Goodman, Mr. Jay.
Hatchett, H. E.
Lord, Mr. E. H.
Light, Mr. J. Stanley.
Perry, Mr. A. G.
Pasnoe, Mrs. Peter.
Rivals, M. A.
Shuto, Mr. S. Charleh.
Slack, Mr. R. Emerson.
Weaver, Mr. W. N.

HOW TO KEEP COOL

Washington, June 29.—It's easy to keep cool and not mind the heat if you know how. Here are some official hints from Dr. W. C. Rucker, assistant surgeon general of the Public Health Service.

"Being cool is largely a condition of mind. Keep still, watch what you eat and drink, avoid meat, ventilate your clothes as well as your home, bathe freely and avoid extremes of heat and cold in the water. Swat the fly and don't get chilled at night.

"If you are a blond, avoid the bright lights, because they are rich in chemical ether waves. In persons that have considerable pigment in their skin—in brunettes—these short, rapid actinic waves are transformed into long and slow heat waves. These actinic faves have a deleterious effect on the nervous system of those whose skin cannot reduce their potency.

"Blonds should avoid sunlight as much as possible, and when they do go out they should wear colored glasses, hats with orange lining and their clothes outside should be white, to reflect the heat rays. Their underwear should be colored, preferably orange or blue. This is to protect the skin."

EARTH IS FOOD

Used By Natives of Japan, Finland, and Syria.

The practice of eating earth is not not confined to any race or region, of the earth. In America several tribes of Indians of the Northern as well as the Southern continent are given to using earth as food. Different varieties of clay seem to bep referred.

The Pawnee Indians used a yellowish clay, which they shapped into little balls that were allowed to dry in the air and were then slowly roasted at the open fire. When the clay attained a red color the balls were removed moistened with water and eaten. These clay balls were especially liked when served in conection with fish, and seem to have promoted with fish.

The Timmeh Indians of the Mackenzie river used to resort to the earth as food in times of famine. They dug out the clay found in the hollows along the banks of the river. In prosperous years they chewed the clay as a delicacy. The Apaches mixed powdered clay into their meal before baking.

The Indians in the upland of Bolivia ate a light clay that is nearly white in color; this the used eiter raw or in the form of cakes of various shapes, were sold in the market places. They also prepared a sauce with the clay; this they ate with boiled potatoes.

Among the negroes of the German coast, as well as among those in West Africa the eating of clay is very common. The natives of the Soudan dig their favorite clay from between the layers of sandstone in the banks of the rivers. The natives of Java prepare their cakes of clay containing ochre these are sold in the public places.

The hairy Ainus, the aborgines of modern Japan mix clay with their rice and with the leaves of various plants which they use as food. In Persia varities of clay are considered delicious luxuries among certain classes, while in the foothills of the Himalayas the natives are constantly chewing a piece of greenish clay, which they believe has the property of protecting them against goitre. In Finland, as well as in certain parts of Sweden, powdered clay is mixed with the flower used for baking bread. This practice is similar to that of the Apaches and may really represent a relic of some earlier seremonial or superstitious observance.

In the Nhal mountains the natives mix gypsum, plaster of Paris, with their dough. In Syria, in Sardinia, and in Treviso cakes of clay are sold in the markets with other foodstuffs.

In parts of Sout America the whites imitate the natives in using clay as an article of diet; but there they take the excuse that eating the earth leads to the production of a fine complexion.—Tit Bits.

TO KEEP MATCHES DRY

A new novel method of carrying matches on one's person in the wet without having them become soaked is to immerse a box of safety matches in paraffin, until a solid [illegible] ed out of which a [illegible] broken when desire[illegible] match is scratched [illegible] terproof is rubbed [illegible] so off the compo[illegible] the box this pr[illegible] ignite. This [illegible] which will be [illegible] woodsmen, pre[illegible] Outing.

JOHNSON CANNOT BE BROUGHT BACK

Montreal June 29.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist and convicted white slaver, promised the Canadian immigration authorities under oath Saturday that he would sail for Europe tomorrow on the steamer Corinthian and return to Chicago in time for the adjudications of his appeal from conviction.

Johnson was brought before the authorities Saturday and subjected to formal examination as to his intentions. He was informed that a detective would accompany him on the Corinthian as far as Quebec.

EXTRADITION FROM EUROPE

Washington Authorities Considering How They Can Get Johnson When He Lands.

Washington, June 29.—With all hope abandoned of securing the deportation of Jack Johnson from Canada, officials of the Departments of state and justice today began an examination of extradition treaties with European countries to determine whether the negro can be extradited when he lands in Europe. His destination is said to be Havre.

No conclusion has yet been reached as to his extraditability from European countries he may visit. It was made clear, however, that if he could be extradited, immediate steps would be taken. "Johnson is out on bail on an appealed sentence of one year following conviction under the "white slave law."

BALLYBUINON'S MONORAIL

One of the Quaintest Railroads in the World is in Ireland.

Where the broad mouth of the river Shannon mingles its waters with the deeper hue of the ocean, where the stern coast thrusts its eager promontories toward America, the land of dreams, stands Ballybunion, picturesque town of 300 Irish men and women. About a mile and a half further north stands Belmore, and between these two small towns extends one of the world's quaintest railroads—the Ballybunion monorail.

On its single track, raised on a trestle, and in its curious cars passengers and freight are carried from Ballybunion and Belmore and back again in the remarkable time of five minutes. The monorail on which its strange locomotive and trains run is perhaps two feet high, while the distance between the lower rails, which serve to maintain the equilibrium of the rolling stock, is a little more than a foot.

Most remarkable of its equipment is the locomotive with its queer elliptical boiler and firebox. It has two cylinded on each side, the rods of which are inside connected to the drivers. The interior of a passenger car is divided into two longitudinal compartments, which are entered by separate doors. The guard stands on either side, according to the balancing needs of the moment. Freight and stock cars are similarly divided.

To enable pedestrian and wagons to cross the tracks of the Ballybunion railroad small lift bridges are constructed at the various roads and remain in a lowered position for the accommodation of traffic. When it is necessary for a train to pass such a point the crossing flagman raises the bridge thus permitting the train to proceed.

The Ballybunion hauls considerable freight for so short a road. The surrounding country has many famous caves, which yield quite a large quantity of stone and some mineral wealth.—Railroad Man's Magazine.

CITY SETTLES UP.

Mrs. Ellen Quinn Gets $200 for Damage to Her Property.

The suit of Mrs. Ellen Quinn against the city of Portsmouth for damage to her property on Washington street by a defective sewer has been settled by the city paying Mrs. Quinn $200.

The suit was brought in 1911 and created a sensation at the time, owing to the fact that Mr. Guptill, attorney for Mrs. Quinn, caused all of the city teams and all of the furniture at City Hall to be attached and the city's business was at a standstill for several hours.

PLAY GROUND SUPERVISION

Physical Director Billings of the Y. M. C. A., on Tuesday assumes charge of the play grounds as Supervi[illegible] and he will devote his entire ti[illegible] the work, having received [illegible] absence from the Y. M. C. [illegible]

The play ground has b[illegible] the children for some [illegible] the past two weeks M[illegible] known to all the ch[illegible] Pietsy has been at [illegible] McPheters has been [illegible] acting supervisor [illegible] remain as an [illegible] time, as [illegible] all three.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Bushelman to press and repair. Steady employment. J. P. Sugrue, Kittery, Me. hc jn27 3t

WANTED—Women to make aprons at home, spare time; we pay 40c per dozen. Send addressed stamped envelope for particulars. Fenway Specialty Co., 564 Washington St., Boston, Mass. hc jn27 1w

WANTED—Salesman to sell Lubricating Oils, House and Barn paint and Specialties. Big profits. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, O. C-H 3 mos. June 14.

STITCHERS WANTED—Closers, Stayers, lining makers, and on other parts. Derry Shoe Co., Derry, N. H. HC2w. J18.

WANTED AT ONCE—Sober, reliable men to learn to drive and repair autos and prepare to fill vacancies at $18 to $40 weekly. Write at once for full particulars. Maine Auto Company and Garage, 24 Taylor Street, Portland, Maine. hcg jn 16 1m

AGENTS WANTED—$5 to $7 daily selling New Fibre Brooms; 100 per cent. profit; every woman will buy; begin canvass at once. Sample by express, 30 cents. Wynne Broom Co., Elmira, N. Y. hc jn16 1m

Man and wife want work in farm or institution. Capable $18 per week. Address H. Scannell, 10 Mohrow St. Dover, N. H. H-C-1w. Jn 28.

WILL anyone wishing a piano take a very fine new mahogany upright, full size, latest style and easy action? Prefer small family, who would consider purchase if instrument pleases and terms were made easy. Delivered free if taken at once. Write G. F. A., this office. hc jn28 1w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Standing hay. Inquire at 48 Vaughan street. tf.

FOR SALE—Horse, Concord wagon, grocery wagon, canopy top carryall, harnesses, etc. Apply D. A. Randall, Marston avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. Tel. 241. hc jn24 1t

FOR SALE—1912 Excelsior motorcycle in first class condition; a bargain. Address, Motorcycle, this office. hc jn24 1w

FOR SALE—$1700 buys 7 room house in Kittery, Me., near electrics, schools and postoffice. Running water in house. Bath room can be installed at small expense. Apply to George D. Moulter, Telephone 344-2, Kittery, Me. M 16 tf.

FOR SALE—Get your pine clapboards of D. E. Russell, Springvale, Me., especially high grade. hc m7 3m

FOR SALE—The most desirable house lots in the city, on Lincoln avenue and on Broad street. Inquire of F. W. Hartford.

TO LET.

A tenement No. 3 Highland street, 10 rooms heat and bath.

A house and barn 46 Highland St., 8 rooms and bath.

A tenement 66 Pleasant St., 6 rooms.

Tenement 13 Cabot St., 8 rooms and a barn. Benjamin F. Webster. hc tf. June 23.

TO LET—Suite of three offices with all modern conveniences. Inquire Herald Office.

TO LET—Furnished r[illegible] of kitchen. Apply o[illegible] Atkinson street.

TO LET—Fur[illegible] for the summe[illegible] ments. Addr[illegible] N. H.

TRANSPORTATION.

BOSTON MAINE TIME TABLE In effect June 23, 1913

Leave Portsmouth for Boston—5.00, 5.25, 6.30, 6.55, 7.30, 8.14, 10.38, 10.44 a. m., 1.11, 1.42, 3.08, 4.55, 6.17, 7.27 p. m. Sundays—2.00, 5.25, 7.45, 11.00 a. m., 2.02, 5.00, 6.40, 7.32, 8.05 p. m.

Leave Boston for Portsmouth—5.57, 7.31, 8.41, 9.01, 9.26, 10.01, 10.25 a. m., 12.51, 1.36, 4.11, 5.30, 4.55, 6.01, 7.31, 10.01 p. m. Sundays—4.01, 6.26, 8.21, 9.01, 10.31 a.m., 1.31, 7.01, 7.31, 10.01 p.m.

Leave Portsmouth for Dover—5.55, 9.45 a.m., 12.22, 2.37, 5.37 p.m. Sundays—7.52, 10.55 a.m., 1.25, 5.45 p.m.

Leave Dover for Portsmouth—6.52, 10.15 a.m., 1.47, 4.22, 6.35 p.m. Sundays—7.10 a.m., 12.35, 3.00, 6.10 p.m.

Leave Portsmouth for York Beach—8.22, 10.33 a.m., 12.30, 2.45, 4.52, 6.50 p.m. Sundays—10.33, 11.27 a.m.

Leave York Beach for Portsmouth—6.45, 9.08, 11.23 a.m., 1.20, 3.55, 5.42 p.m. Sundays—5.00, 6.50 p.m.

Leave Portsmouth for Concord—7.27 (Mondays only), 8.38 a.m., 12.14, 5.38 p.m. Sunday—7.35 p.m.

Leave Concord for Portsmouth—7.38, a. m., 12.05, p.m., 2.55 p.m. (Saturday's only), 3.40 p.m. Sundays—8.32 a.m.

LOCAL DASHES

The steamer to the Isles of Shoals was well patronized on Sunday.

All hack orders for both Hislop's stables, call telephone 3. hstf.

The Summer girl is now getting to be very much in evidence.

Fresh Maine Penobscot Salmon for sale Friday at Downs'.

It is stated that a well known business [illegible] is shortly change hands.

John H. Dowd's Marble and Granite Monumental Works, 52 Market street.

There was heavy riding on Sunday over the Portsmouth Street Railroad to Hampton Beach.

The U. S. M. C. base ball team starts next week on a trip to the Boston and New York yards.

William J. Littlefield is constructing a bungalow on the boulevard at Jenness Beach, for his own occupancy.

Farmers' produce handled on commission by Arthur Dodge 529 Market street. [illegible] J 27 30.

Upholstering, hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros., Phone 370.

A good number from this city went to Greenacre on Sunday to attend the opening session.

Lobsters, blue of Shoals Haddock and Cod brought in every morning fresh by our own fishing fleet. H. A. Clark & Co., 1 and 2 Commercial wharf. Tel. 616. ho n 14 tf

Sunday was the first real day of the summer season, for practically all the houses are open and the result was a big increase in the automobile traffic.

Safety razor blades sharpened, lawn mowers ground, saws filed, umbrellas mended, keys made, locks repaired, razors honed and rehandled, scissors, knives and tools ground at Horne's 38 Daniel street. Htf.

The ice cream in brick form sold exclusively at the Tilton Drug store has made a hit with those who appreciate a rich pure ice cream. Try it with your dinner.

Lobsters and Fish of all kinds caught by our own boats, fresh every day. B. Jameson & Sons, Tel. 653.

The employes of the New England [illegible] in the leaue [illegible] is entitled [illegible] of

PERSONAL ITEMS

Waldo E. Russell of Biddeford was a visitor here today.

George A. Place of Concord passed Sunday here with friends.

Wake R. Sparr of Lynn, Mass., was a visitor here on Sunday.

George E. French is today quietly observing another anniversary of his birth.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney H. Winn were the guests of friends at Hampton Beach on Sunday.

Lewis E. Pendleton and Robert E. Griggs passed Sunday with relatives in Brookline, Mass.

Mrs. Ernest L. Chaney left on Sunday for Bangor, Me., to attend the funeral of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses A. Perkins of Epping were here on Sunday on their way to Hampton Beach.

Fred H. Coleman leaves on Tuesday for Lake Wentworth near Wolfboro, where he will pass the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Kelley of Richards avenue, will sail on the Franconia, July 8th, for a trip to Ireland.

D. C. Langlands passed Sunday in Biddeford, Me., being called there by the serious illness of a life long friend.

Col. Michael Crowley of Boston passed Sunday in this city with his sister, Mrs. William H. Donnett of school street.

Lewis W. Brewster, the dean of the newspaper fraternity of this city, today reaches another milestone in life's journey.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Frauer and children of Manchester, who have been visiting in this city for a few days, returned home this afternoon.

W. A. Haughton and wife and George R. Whiting and wife of Southbridge, Mass., passed Sunday in this city making the trip by auto.

Rev. Henry E. Allen left this afternoon for Hampton Beach, where he will pass a few days before returning to his home in Lawrence, Mass.

George E. Barsantee, who has been the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Roy Wilson in Newburyport, Mass., returned home on Saturday evening.

Mrs. William Marston Seabury of Phoenix, Arizona, and her three daughters are visiting her mother, Mrs. Henry E. Hovey, of State street.

[illegible] Boynton, wife of Conductor [illegible] E. Boynton, who has been passenger conductor in this city, left on [illegible] North Conway to pass the [illegible]

[illegible] M. Sanderson and [illegible] Fred Sanderson of [illegible] Mass., formed an [illegible] visited this city [illegible]

[illegible] and Miss [illegible] Me., [illegible]

ATTEMPT TO ORGANIZE I. W. W. IN THIS CITY

Italian Speaker from Boston Proclaims He is an Anarchist.--Collection is Taken up for Hopedale Strikers

An attempt to organize a branch of the I. W. W., was made in this city on Sunday afternoon. Whether or not the attempt was successful remains to be seen. The meeting was held in Eagle's Hall where over a hundred and fifty men, women, and children from the Italian district were present. The principal speaker was Flavis Ambiggatti, a leader in the strike at Hopedale, Mass. From reports on his address this man came to Portsmouth for no good purpose regardless of his words to the people of his native land. He began his discourse by decrying the government of his own country and that of the United States. He touched on the war with Turkey and advised the people to recognize only the flag of the organization. He said that the statue of Liberty in New York Harbor stood for nothing under the conditions that exist in this country.

Rev. Arnaldo Nutino, a clergyman, occupying a pulpit at Kittery was present and was invited to speak. He talked for an hour or more and was given close attention during his address. He pointed out to those present the bad points of forming the organization in this city under such recommendations as was advocated by the previous speaker from Hopedale. He tried to impress on the minds of his audience the freedom under the American flag compared with that of their native land and talked at length on labor and capital. Joseph Sacco, a business man in the North End district was also one of the speakers. He made it plain to Ambiggatti that he was against the I. W. W cause being established in this city. During his talk he was frequently interrupted with hisses and loud cries of "put him out." At one period they threatened to throw him out of the window. A few others opposed the movement and they were received in the same manner as Sacco.

After the meeting at Eagle's Hall, those assembled, with the exception of those opposed to the project held another meeting at the Socialist Hall, the result of which cannot be learned.

During the meetings the man from Hopedale made an appeal for funds for the strike in that town and is said to have met with a generous response. Up to date this city has been free from the actions of this organization and what results this Sunday gathering will have is awaited with much speculation. The people in general believe that the I. W. W. should get no foothold in Portsmouth, and the red flag and its followers should be made to know it right off quick.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO NAVY YARD EMPLOYES

Vessel for Gloucester

Word was sent to Representative Curley by Secretary Daniels that the navy department had decided to send the U. S. S. Ohio to the celebration at Gloucester on the Fourth of July, instead of the North Dakota as it first intended.

Goes Back After 18 Years

Notice was received by Representative Curley that Patrick J. Trayer, had been reinstated as an employe at the navy yard at Boston. Trayer was seriously injured 18 years ago through the alleged carelessness of a fellow employe at the yard, and it is largely through this fact that Mr. Curley has been able to have him reinstated to the service.

Secretary Is Persistent

Secretary Daniels persists in his determining to have naval vessels built at the navy yards. During his recent visit of inspection to the Boston navy yard he expressed himself as favorably impressed with the situation there and added that yard to those at New York and Norfolk as the plants on the east coast where there are ample facilities for doing this important work. Mr. Daniels based this conclusion on the fact, as he said, that there is very little competition among the private shipbuilders, whom, he alleges combine in their bidding for government work. The charge is a serious one and should not be made unless there is ample ground for the allegation. It is possible that members of the house naval committee, some of whom are profoundly interested in having ships built at navy yards, will pursue the interesting subject now that the secretary of the navy has introduced it in language which is specific and which seems to require an investigation.—Army and Navy Register.

Helpers Wanted

The list of moulder's helpers has been exhausted. Three are needed in the machinery division and will be put to work as soon as possible after filing the necessary papers with the Labor board.

Was Only a Rumor

Rumors at the yard today had it that an extension of time had been allowed on the cruiser Washington to complete repairs on the vessel. The report proved to be unofficial as the Commandant's office has received no orders in this respect and the vessel will go to the lower harbor on Tuesday as planned unless the department changes the program by later orders.

Confirmation at Prison

Bishop Healey of the Portland diocese will shortly administer confirmation to a class at the naval prison. The ceremony is expected to take place next Sunday or on the following Sunday.

PORTSMOUTH WAS EASY

Amoskeag Trims P. A. C. Team 7 to 1.

By seven runs to one the Amoskeag team of the Textile league won over the Portsmouth Athletic club on the West Side recreation grounds Saturday afternoon. The game was the feature of the many attractions at the field day and outing of the Amoskeag Textile club.

Taber, who has been out of the league games this spring owing to a [illegible] took a chance with his wing [illegible] and the giant hurler worked [illegible] during his five inning stay [illegible] but two hits were made [illegible] and he had speed to [illegible] curves broke sharply. [illegible] the burden of the last [illegible] and allowed but two [illegible]

[illegible] featured by one of the [illegible] seen on a local [illegible] time. O'Dowd, at [illegible] grounder to Ly-ons, forcing the man at second, and a return play was made to the initial sack, cutting off the hitter. Lyons also made a one-handed stab of a liner, which prevented a possible rally.

Billy Brackett, the speedy shortstop of the sea city team, had an off day and made five errors in eleven chances. Several of his fielding plays, however, were spectacular.

Lacey led the Amoskeag players with the stick, with a single and double out of as many times at bat. The summary:

AMOSKEAG.

	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Lyons, ss	4	0	0	2	1	1
Bond, lf	5	1	0	2	0	1
Nyden, 2b	0	0	0	1	1	0
Parker, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	0
Pernod, c	2	1	1	1	0	0
O'Rourke, c	2	0	0	3	0	0
O'Dowd, 1b	4	1	0	13	1	0
St. Ongé, cf	2	1	0	0	0	0
Jennings, cf	2	1	0	2	0	0
Lacey, 3b	2	0	2	1	1	0
Taber, p	1	0	0	1	0	0
Chase, p	2	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	30	7	5	27	7	2

P. A. C.

	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
G. Woods, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Brackett, ss	4	0	0	3	3	5
McPheters, 2b	4	1	1	1	2	0
Newick, 1b	3	0	1	11	0	0
Hobbs, c	4	0	0	4	0	0
Pilgrim, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Lynsky, lf	2	0	2	5	0	0
Lock, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	0
W. Woods, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	1	4	24	9	5

Two base hits, Lacey, Jennings, Lynsky. Stolen bases, McPheters 3, Newick, Bond 2, Parker, Lacey. Struck out, by Taber 1; by Chase 1; by Pilgrim 3. Hit by pitched ball, St. Ongé 2.

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND

The County Carnival to be held at the Universalist field on Wednesday, evening, July 2, promises to be the novelty of the year. The flying machine that crossed the English channel will be exhibited as well as many other new features. Take the children with you. Admission to grounds 10c.

1131 F 1 or 8.

For your dessert get an ice cream brick at the Tilton Drug store. 40c quart in three flavors.